



STANDARDIZED

UXO TECHNOLOGY DEMONSTRATION SITE

OPEN FIELD SCORING RECORD NO. 135

SITE LOCATION: U.S. ARMY YUMA PROVING GROUND

DEMONSTRATOR:
U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS
ENGINEERING RESEARCH AND
DEVELOPMENT CENTER
3909 HALLS FERRY ROAD
VICKSBURG, MS 39180-6199

TECHNOLOGY TYPE/PLATFORM: GEM-3/PUSHCART

PREPARED BY:
U.S. ARMY ABERDEEN TEST CENTER
ABERDEEN PROVING GROUND, MD 21005-5059

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Prepared for: U.S. ARMY ENVIRONMENTAL CENTER ABERDEEN PROVING GROUND, MD 21010-5401

U.S. ARMY DEVELOPMENTAL TEST COMMAND ABERDEEN PROVING GROUND, MD 21005-5055

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SECTION 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 BACKGROUND

Technologies under development for the detection and discrimination of unexploded ordnance (UXO) require testing so that their performance can be characterized. To that end, Standardized Test Sites have been developed at Aberdeen Proving Ground (APG), Maryland and U.S. Army Yuma Proving Ground (YPG), Arizona. These test sites provide a diversity of geology, climate, terrain, and weather as well as diversity in ordnance and clutter. Testing at these sites is independently administered and analyzed by the government for the purposes of characterizing technologies, tracking performance with system development, comparing performance of different systems, and comparing performance in different environments.

The Standardized UXO Technology Demonstration Site Program is a multi-agency program spearheaded by the U.S. Army Environmental Center (AEC). The U.S. Army Aberdeen Test Center (ATC) and the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Engineering Research and Development Center (ERDC) provide programmatic support. The program is being funded and supported by the Environmental Security Technology Certification Program (ESTCP), the Strategic Environmental Research and Development Program (SERDP) and the Army Environmental Quality Technology Program (EQT).

1.2 SCORING OBJECTIVES

The objective in the Standardized UXO Technology Demonstration Site Program is to evaluate the detection and discrimination capabilities of a given technology under various field and soil conditions. Inert munitions and clutter items are positioned in various orientations and depths in the ground.

The evaluation objectives are as follows:

- a. To determine detection and discrimination effectiveness under realistic scenarios that vary targets, geology, clutter, topography, and vegetation.
 - b. To determine cost, time, and manpower requirements to operate the technology.
- c. To determine demonstrator's ability to analyze survey data in a timely manner and provide prioritized "Target Lists" with associated confidence levels.
- d. To provide independent site management to enable the collection of high quality, ground-truth, geo-referenced data for post-demonstration analysis.

1.2.1 Scoring Methodology

a. The scoring of the demonstrator's performance is conducted in two stages. These two stages are termed the RESPONSE STAGE and DISCRIMINATION STAGE. For both stages, the probability of detection (P_d) and the false alarms are reported as receiver-operating

characteristic (ROC) curves. False alarms are divided into those anomalies that correspond to emplaced clutter items, measuring the probability of false positive (P_{fp}), and those that do not correspond to any known item, termed background alarms.

- b. The RESPONSE STAGE scoring evaluates the ability of the system to detect emplaced targets without regard to ability to discriminate ordnance from other anomalies. For the open field RESPONSE STAGE, the demonstrator provides the scoring committee with the field location and signal strength of all anomalies that the demonstrator has deemed sufficient to warrant further investigation and/or processing as potential emplaced ordnance items. This list is generated with minimal processing and will only include signals that are above the system noise level.
- c. The DISCRIMINATION STAGE evaluates the demonstrator's ability to correctly identify ordnance as such and to reject clutter. For the same field locations as in the RESPONSE STAGE anomaly list, the DISCRIMINATION STAGE list contains the output of the algorithms applied in the discrimination-stage processing. This list is prioritized based on the demonstrator's determination that an anomaly location is likely to contain ordnance. Thus, higher output values are indicative of higher confidence that an ordnance item is present at the specified location. For digital signal processing, priority ranking is based on algorithm output. For other discrimination approaches, priority ranking is based on human (subjective) judgment. The demonstrator also specifies the threshold in the prioritized ranking that provides optimum performance termed the Discrimination Stage Threshold (i.e. that is expected to retain all detected ordnance and reject the maximum amount of clutter).
- d. The demonstrator is also scored on EFFICIENCY and REJECTION RATIO, which measure the effectiveness of the discrimination stage processing. The goal of discrimination is to retain the greatest number of ordnance detections from the anomaly list, while rejecting the maximum number of anomalies arising from non-ordnance items. EFFICIENCY measures the fraction of detected ordnance retained after discrimination, while the REJECTION RATIO measures the fraction of false alarms rejected. Both measures are defined relative to the entire response stage anomaly list, i.e., the maximum ordnance detectable by the sensor and its accompanying false positive rate or background alarm rate.
- e. Based on configuration of the ground truth at the standardized sites and the defined scoring methodology, there exists the possibility of having anomalies within overlapping halos and/or multiple anomalies within halos. In these cases, the following scoring logic is implemented:
- (1) In situations where multiple anomalies exist within a single R_{halo} , the anomaly with the strongest response or highest ranking will be assigned to that particular ground truth item.
- (2) For overlapping R_{halo} situations, ordnance has precedence over clutter. The Anomaly with the strongest response or highest ranking that is closest to the center of a particular ground truth item gets assigned to that item. Remaining anomalies are retained until all matching is complete.

- (3) Anomalies located within any R_{halo} that do not get associated with a particular ground truth item are thrown out and are not considered in the analysis.
- f. All scoring factors are generated utilizing the Standardized UXO Probability and Plot Program, version 3.1.1.

1.2.2 Scoring Factors

Factors to be measured and evaluated as part of this demonstration include:

- a. Response Stage ROC curves:
- (1) Probability of Detection (P_d^{res}).
- (2) Probability of False Positive (Pfp res).
- (3) Background Alarm Rate (BAR^{res}) or Probability of Background Alarm (P_{BA}^{res}).
- b. Discrimination Stage ROC curves:
- (1) Probability of Detection (P_d disc).
- (2) Probability of False Positive (Pfo disc).
- (3) Background Alarm Rate (BAR^{disc}) or Probability of Background Alarm (P_{BA}^{disc}).
- c. Metrics:
- (1) Efficiency (E).
- (2) False Positive Rejection Rate (R_{fp}).
- (3) Background Alarm Rejection Rate (R_{BA}).
- d. Other:
- (1) Probability of Detection by Size and Depth.
- (2) Classification by type (i.e., 20-, 40-, 105-mm, etc.).
- (3) Location accuracy.
- (4) Equipment setup, calibration time and corresponding man-hour requirements.
- (5) Survey time and corresponding man-hour requirements.

- (6) Reacquisition/resurvey time and man-hour requirements (if any).
- (7) Downtime due to system malfunctions and maintenance requirements.

1.3 STANDARD AND NONSTANDARD INERT ORDNANCE TARGETS

The standard and nonstandard ordnance items emplaced in the test areas are listed in Table 1. Standardized targets are members of a set of specific ordnance items that have identical properties to all other items in the set (caliber, configuration, size, weight, aspect ratio, material, filler, magnetic remanence, and nomenclature). Nonstandard targets are inert ordnance items having properties that differ from those in the set of standardized targets.

TABLE 1. INERT ORDNANCE TARGETS

Standard Type	Nonstandard (NS)		
20-mm Projectile M55	20-mm Projectile M55		
	20-mm Projectile M97		
40-mm Grenades M385	40-mm Grenades M385		
40-mm Projectile MKII Bodies	40-mm Projectile M813		
BDU-28 Submunition			
BLU-26 Submunition			
M42 Submunition			
57-mm Projectile APC M86			
60-mm Mortar M49A3	60-mm Mortar (JPG)		
	60-mm Mortar M49		
2.75-inch Rocket M230	2.75-inch Rocket M230		
	2.75-inch Rocket XM229		
MK 118 ROCKEYE			
81-mm Mortar M374	81-mm Mortar (JPG)		
	81-mm Mortar M374		
105-mm high-explosive, antitank			
(HEAT) Rounds M456			
105-mm Projectile M60	105-mm Projectile M60		
155-mm Projectile M483A1	155-mm Projectile M483A		
	500-lb Bomb		

JPG = Jefferson Proving Ground

SECTION 2. DEMONSTRATION

2.1 DEMONSTRATOR INFORMATION

2.1.1 Demonstrator Point of Contact (POC) and Address

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Address: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Engineering Research and Development

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2.1.2 System Description (provided by demonstrator)

The GEM-3 system is able to collect multiple channels of complex frequency domain electromagnetic interference (EMI) data over a wide range of audio frequencies (30°Hz to 48 kHz). The system is a wheeled pushcart with a 96-cm sensor head, a mounted electronics console, a user interface, and a real-time kinematic (RTK) Global Positioning System (GPS) (fig. 1). The sensor head consists of three coils. The primary transmitter coil is the outer coil in the sensor head. The receiver coil is the inner coil in the sensor head. The bucking transmitter coil is the middle coil in the sensor head. The current in the bucking coil flows in the opposite direction of the current in the primary transmitter coil. This suppresses the dipole moment on the receiver coil that is directly from the primary transmitter coil. The electronics console contains the multifrequency current waveform generator, the analog-to-digital converter receiver electronics, the digital signal processor, and the power management module. The user interface utilizes a personal digital assistant (PDA). The PDA is used for data logging and allows for real-time control of the system. The PDA also allows for real-time display of the data collected. The RTK GPS will require a base station to be set up at a suitable reference point for radio communication with the mobile unit on the GEM-3 system. The GEM-3 system's acquisition of multifrequency data allows for performing what Geophex Ltd., the developer of the system, calls electromagnetic induction spectroscopy (EMIS) on buried objects. EMIS provides a method to discriminate UXO targets from natural and man-made clutter objects by means of their unique, complex (in-phase and quadrature) frequency responses.



Figure 1. Demonstrator's system, GEM-3 pushcart.

2.1.3 <u>Data Processing Description (provided by demonstrator)</u>

The GEM-3 data acquired at the test site will be processed using a combination of ERDC-developed programs and Geosoft's Oasis Montaj. First, basic data corrections such as background subtraction and time-synchronization between the sensor data and GPS data will be performed. The raw data, after these basic corrections, will be submitted in Geosoft XYZ format. Two Response Stage submissions will be made within 30 days. One will be based on a threshold applied to the total magnitude of the sensor inphase and quadrature response for all frequencies. The second will be based on interactive histogram analysis of the data. Data from each of these detection schemes will be used by the target discrimination algorithm to generate separate Discrimination Stage submissions. The discrimination algorithm compares sensor data collected near each detected anomaly with calibration data acquired over the target types of interest at the beginning of the data collection.

One of ERDC's primary objectives for this data acquisition is to obtain high quality data to further our modeling and analysis research. Therefore, ERDC plans to make further data submissions using other detection and discrimination algorithms on this same dataset, alone and in combination with data from other sensors.

2.1.4 <u>Data Submission Format</u>

Data were submitted for scoring in accordance with data submission protocols outlined in the Standardized UXO Technology Demonstration Site Handbook. These submitted data are not included in this report in order to protect ground truth information.

2.1.5 <u>Demonstrator Quality Assurance (QA) and Quality Control (QC) (provided by demonstrator)</u>

The operators will perform three levels of quality control (QC) checks: the first day of the project, the beginning of the day, and whenever there is an equipment change (i.e. batteries, data dump, etc.). On the first day of the project, the operators will lay out a 10-meter long line oriented North to South with a ferrite bar at the center. This line will be well marked and used each time we test the instrument and positioning are tested. The operators will test for instrument response over the ferrite bar, as well as conduct a position check and a latency check. The operators will walk the line slowly in two directions and then back the pushcart up until it is centered on the ferrite bar. This will set the location of the ferrite bar as well as the instrument response, which will be referenced every time the operators check the equipment.

Each morning the operators will perform functional equipment checks. The operators will visually inspect all equipment for damage. They will then power up the equipment. The operators will perform static and instrument response tests to ensure that the data is stable when the instrument is in a static position over a marked location. These tests will be performed after the instrument has had sufficient time to warm up.

Quality assurance (QA) will be the responsibility of the project lead; he will ensure that test data will be inspected and recorded each day using a known target (e.g. ferrite bar) with the GEM-3 sensors, and using a reference position with the RTK GPS. Geo-referenced data sets will be inspected at the end of the day for GEM-3 data quality and navigation integrity (reasonableness criteria).

Data analysis will be performed each day. This analysis will include inspection of the data for inconsistencies (bad data and errors) and to verify RTK GPS data show good coverage and limited dropouts. If the data show the sensor or electronics are not taking acceptable data or the RTK GPS dropouts are too numerous/large for data analysis or good coverage, that section will be flagged for a resurvey.

2.1.6 Additional Records

The following record(s) by this vendor can be accessed via Microsoft Word files at www.uxotestsites.org. The Blind Grid counterpart to this report is Scoring Record #134.

2.2 YPG SITE INFORMATION

2.2.1 Location

YPG is located adjacent to the Colorado River in the Sonoran Desert. The UXO Standardized Test Site is located south of Pole Line Road and east of the Countermine Testing and Training Range. The Open Field range, Calibration Grid, Blind Grid, Mogul area, and Desert Extreme area comprise the 350- by 500 meter general test site area. The open field site is the largest of the test sites and measures approximately 200 by 350 meters. To the east of the open field range are the calibration and blind test grids that measure 30 by 40 meters and 40 by 40 meters, respectively. South of the Open Field is the 135- by 80-meter Mogul area consisting of a sequence of man-made depressions. The Desert Extreme area is located southeast of the open field site and has dimensions of 50 by 100 meters. The Desert Extreme area, covered with desert-type vegetation, is used to test the performance of different sensor platforms in a more severe desert conditions/environment.

2.2.2 Soil Type

Soil samples were collected at the YPG UXO Standardized Test Site by ERDC to characterize the shallow subsurface (<3 meters). Both surface grab samples and continuous soil borings were acquired. The soils were subjected to several laboratory analyses, including sieve/hydrometer, water content, magnetic susceptibility, dielectric permittivity, X-ray diffraction, and visual description.

There are two soil complexes present within the site, Riverbend-Carrizo and Cristobal-Gunsight. The Riverbend-Carrizo complex is comprised of mixed stream alluvium, whereas the Cristobal-Gunsight complex is derived from fan alluvium. The Cristobal-Gunsight complex covers the majority of the site. Most of the soil samples were classified as either a sandy loam or loamy sand, with most samples containing gravel-size particles. All samples had a measured water content less than 7 percent, except for two that contained 11-percent moisture. The majority of soil samples had water content between 1 to 2-percent. Samples containing more than 3 percent were generally deeper than 1 meter.

An X-ray diffraction analysis on four soil samples indicated a basic mineralogy of quartz, calcite, mica, feldspar, magnetite, and some clay. The presence of magnetite imparted a moderate magnetic susceptibility, with volume susceptibilities generally greater than 100 by 10-5 SI.

For more details concerning the soil properties at the YPG test site, go to www.uxotestsites.org on the web to view the entire soils description report.

2.2.3 Test Areas

A description of the test site areas at YPG is included in Table 2.

TABLE 2. TEST SITE AREAS

Area	Description
Calibration Grid	Contains the 15 standard ordnance items buried in six positions at various angles and depths to allow demonstrator equipment calibration.
Blind Grid	Contains 400 grid cells in a 0.16-hectare (0.39-acre) site. The center of each grid cell contains ordnance, clutter, or nothing.
Open Field	A 4-hectare (10-acre) site containing open areas, dips, ruts, and obstructions, including vegetation. The center of each grid cell contains ordnance, clutter, or nothing.

SECTION 3. FIELD DATA

3.1 DATE OF FIELD ACTIVITIES (7-10, 12-17, 19-20, and 30 May 2003)

3.2 AREAS TESTED/NUMBER OF HOURS

Areas tested and number of hours operated at each site are summarized in Table 3.

TABLE 3. AREAS TESTED AND NUMBER OF HOURS

Area	Number of Hours
Calibration Lanes	6.00
Open Field	92.95

3.3 TEST CONDITIONS

3.3.1 Weather Conditions

An ATC weather station located approximately 2 miles west of the test site was used to record average temperature and precipitation on an hourly basis for each day of operation. The temperatures listed in Table 4 represent the average temperature during field operations from 0700 through 1700 hours while the precipitation data represents a daily total amount of rainfall. Hourly weather logs used to generate this summary are provided in Appendix B.

TABLE 4. TEMPERATURE/PRECIPITATION DATA SUMMARY

Date, 2003	Average Temperature, °F	Total Daily Precipitation, in.
May 7	72.1	0.00
May 8	70.7	0.00
May 9	68.2	0.00
May 10	N/A	N/A
May 12	87.4	0.00
May 13	N/A	N/A
May 14	88.9	0.00
May 15	78.3	0.00
May 16	91.3	0.00
May 17	N/A	N/A
May 19	93.2	0.00
May 20	N/A	N/A
May 30	N/A	N/A

3.3.2 Field Conditions

ERDC surveyed the Open Field area with the GEM-3 pushcart 7-10, 12-17, 19-20, and 30 May 2003 with field conditions remaining dry.

3.3.3 Soil Moisture

Five soil probes were placed at various locations of the site to capture soil moisture data: dry, desert extreme, open areas, the calibration lanes, and the blind grid/moguls. Measurements were collected in percent moisture and were taken twice daily (morning and afternoon) from five different soil layers (0 to 6 in., 6 to 12 in., 12 to 24 in., 24 to 36 in., and 36 to 48 in.) from each probe. Soil moisture logs are included in Appendix C.

3.4 FIELD ACTIVITIES

3.4.1 Setup/Mobilization

These activities included initial mobilization and daily equipment preparation and breakdown. The three-person crew took 5 hours and 30 minutes to perform the initial setup and mobilization. There was 46 minutes of daily equipment preparation and end of day equipment break down lasted 1-hour and 25 minutes.

3.4.2 Calibration

ERDC spent 6 hours in the calibration lanes. In addition, ERDC spent 1-hour and 5 minutes in the calibration test pit. No calibrating activities were conducted while in the Open Field area.

3.4.3 Downtime Occasions

Occasions of downtime are grouped into five categories: equipment/data checks or equipment maintenance, equipment failure and repair, weather, Demonstration Site issues, or lunch/breaks. All downtime is included for the purposes of calculating labor costs (section 5) except for downtime due to Demonstration Site issues. Demonstration Site issues, while noted in the Daily Log, are considered non-chargeable downtime for the purposes of calculating labor costs and are not included. Breaks and lunches are not included either.

- **3.4.3.1** Equipment/data checks, maintenance. Equipment/data checks and maintenance activities accounted for 10 hours and 37 minutes of site usage time. These activities included changing out batteries and routine data checks to ensure data were being properly recorded/collected.
- **3.4.3.2** Equipment failure or repair. Three minor equipment failures occurred while surveying in the Open Field area. A brief infield computer communication malfunction occurred and the changing of the infield computers was completed. The GPS was down for a few minutes but was restored and a wheel axel broke which was repaired on the sensor. The total time for the failures was 3 hours and 5 minutes.

3.4.3.3 Weather. No delays occurred due to weather.

3.4.4 Data Collection

ERDC spent 55 hours and 15 minutes collecting data in the Open Field area. This time excludes break/lunches and downtimes described in section 3.4.3.

3.4.5 Demobilization

ERDC went on to survey the entire YPG Site. Therefore, actual demobilization did not occur until 30 May 2003. On that day, 46 minutes were spent demobilizing all of the equipment.

3.5 PROCESSING TIME

ERDC submitted the raw data from demonstration activities on a date when required by the test director. The scoring submission data were also provided within the required 30-day timeframe.

3.6 DEMONSTRATOR'S FIELD PERSONNEL

Field Manager:

Rvan North

Field Engineers:

Eric Smith

Stephen Billings

Quality Assurance:

Don Yule

3.7 DEMONSTRATOR'S FIELD SURVEYING METHOD

ERDC started surveying the Open Field area in the northeast portion and generally in the east/west direction. One lane was surveyed and then the demonstrator returned to the beginning of the next lane, until completion. Lanes were laid out in approximately 50 meter intervals, where appropriate.

3.8 SUMMARY OF DAILY LOGS

Daily logs capture all field activities during this demonstration and are located in Appendix D. Activities pertinent to this specific demonstration are indicated in highlighted text.

SECTION 4. TECHNICAL PERFORMANCE RESULTS

4.1 ROC CURVES USING ALL ORDNANCE CATEGORIES

Figure 2 shows the probability of detection for the response stage $(P_d^{\, res})$ and the discrimination stage $(P_d^{\, disc})$ versus their respective P_{fp} . Figure 3 shows both probabilities plotted against their respective BAR. Both figures use a horizontal line to illustrate the performance of the demonstrator at the demonstrator's recommended discrimination stage threshold level, which defines the subset of targets the demonstrator would recommend digging based on discrimination. Note that all points have been rounded to protect the ground truth.

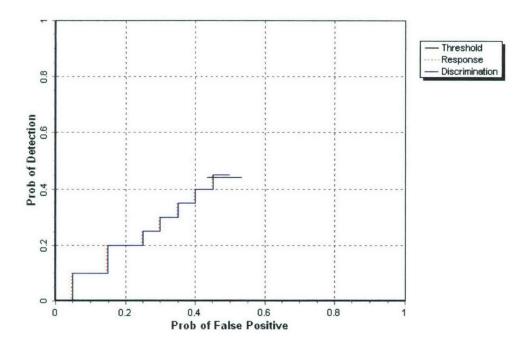


Figure 2. GEM-3 pushcart open field P_d^{res} and P_d^{disc} versus their respective over all ordnance categories combined.

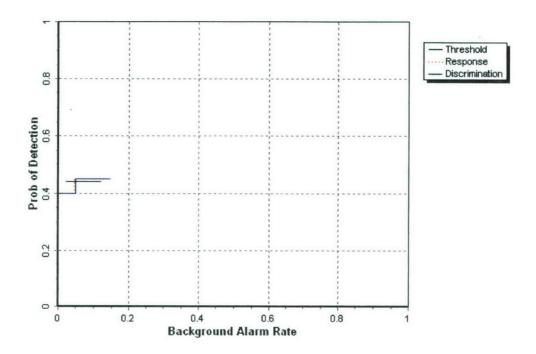


Figure 3. GEM-3 pushcart open field P_d and P_d versus their respective BAR over all ordnance categories combined.

4.2 ROC CURVES USING ORDNANCE LARGER THAN 20 MM

Figure 4 shows the probability of detection for the response stage $(P_d^{\, res})$ and the discrimination stage $(P_d^{\, disc})$ versus their respective P_{fp} when only targets larger than 20 mm are scored. Figure 5 shows both probabilities plotted against their respective BAR. Both figures use a horizontal line to illustrate the performance of the demonstrator at the demonstrator's recommended discrimination stage threshold level, which defines the subset of targets the demonstrator would recommend digging based on discrimination. Note that all points have been rounded to protect the ground truth.

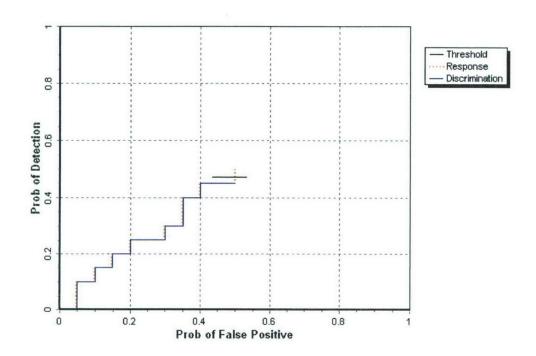


Figure 4. GEM-3 pushcart open field $P_d^{\ res}$ and $P_d^{\ disc}$ versus their respective P_{fp} for all ordnance larger than 20 mm.

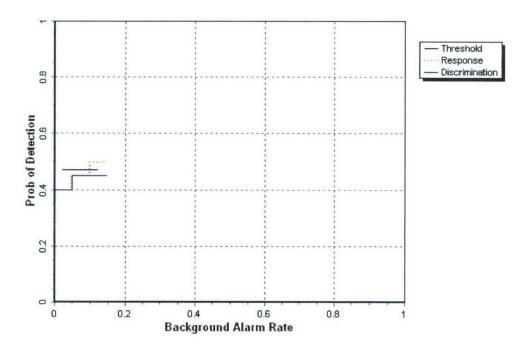


Figure 5. GEM-3 pushcart open field P_d^{res} and P_d^{disc} versus their respective BAR^{res} for all ordnance larger than 20 mm.

4.3 PERFORMANCE SUMMARIES

Results for the Open field test broken out by size, depth and nonstandard ordnance are presented in Table 5 (for cost results, see section 5). Results by size and depth include both standard and nonstandard ordnance. The results by size show how well the demonstrator did at detecting/discriminating ordnance of a certain caliber range (see app A for size definitions). The results are relative to the number of ordnance items emplaced. Depth is measured from the geometric center of anomalies.

The RESPONSE STAGE results are derived from the list of anomalies above the demonstrator-provided noise level. The results for the DISCRIMINATION STAGE are derived from the demonstrator's recommended threshold for optimizing UXO field cleanup by minimizing false digs and maximizing ordnance recovery. The lower 90 percent confidence limit on probability of detection and $P_{\rm fp}$ was calculated assuming that the number of detections and false positives are binomially distributed random variables. All results in Table 5 have been rounded to protect the ground truth. However, lower confidence limits were calculated using actual results.

TABLE 5. SUMMARY OF OPEN FIELD RESULTS FOR THE GEM-3

					By Size]	By Depth,	m
Metric	Overall	Standard	Non-Standard	Small	Medium	Large	< 0.3	0.3 to <1	>= 1
			RESPONSE S	TAGE					
P_d	0.45	0.45	0.55	0.35	0.60	0.65	0.50	0.50	0.05
P _d Low 90% Conf	0.44	0.39	0.48	0.31	0.52	0.60	0.46	0.46	0.03
P_{fp}	0.50	-	-	-	-	-	0.55	0.50	0.00
P _{fp} Low 90% Conf	0.50	-	-	-	-	-	0.51	0.47	0.00
BAR	0.15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		I	DISCRIMINATIO	N STA	GE				
P_d	0.45	0.40	0.50	0.30	0.55	0.65	0.45	0.50	0.05
P _d Low 90% Conf	0.41	0.37	0.44	0.27	0.50	0.57	0.43	0.44	0.03
P_{fp}	0.50	-	-	-	-	-	0.50	0.45	0.00
P _{fp} Low 90% Conf	0.47	-	-	-	-	-	0.48	0.42	0.00
BAR	0.05		-	-	7-4	-	-	-	-

Response Stage Noise Level: 49.00

Recommended Discrimination Stage Threshold: 70.00

Note: The recommended discrimination stage threshold values are provided by the demonstrator.

4.4 EFFICIENCY, REJECTION RATES, AND TYPE CLASSIFICATION

Efficiency and rejection rates are calculated to quantify the discrimination ability at specific points of interest on the ROC curve: (1) at the point where no decrease in P_d is suffered (i.e., the efficiency is by definition equal to one) and (2) at the operator selected threshold. These values are reported in Table 6.

TABLE 6. EFFICIENCY AND REJECTION RATES FOR THE GEM-3

	Efficiency (E)	False Positive Rejection Rate	Background Alarm Rejection Rate
At Operating Point	0.94	0.07	0.50
With No Loss of Pd	1.00	0.02	1.00

At the demonstrator's recommended setting, the ordnance items that were detected and correctly discriminated were further scored on whether their correct type could be identified (table 7). Correct type examples include "20-mm projectile, 105-mm Projectile, and 2.75-inch Rocket". A list of the standard type declaration required for each ordnance item was provided to demonstrators prior to testing. For example, the standard type for the three example items are 20mmP, 105H, and 2.75in, respectively.

TABLE 7. CORRECT TYPE CLASSIFICATION
OF TARGETS CORRECTLY
DISCRIMINATED AS UXO

Size	% Correct
Small	0.00
Medium	0.00
Large	0.00
Overall	0.00

Note: The demonstrator did not attempt to identify ordnance type.

4.5 LOCATION ACCURACY

The mean and standard deviations of location accuracy are presented in Table 8 for each of the three dimensions of location. Location accuracy was calculated for those ordnance items correctly identified in the discrimination stage. Note that depth is measured from the closest point of the ordnance to the surface.

TABLE 8. MEAN LOCATION ACCURACY AND STANDARD DEVIATION FOR THE GEM-3

	Mean, m	Standard Deviation, m
Northing	-0.01	0.19
Easting	0.01	0.18
Depth	0.05	0.27

SECTION 5. ON-SITE LABOR COSTS

A standardized estimate for labor costs associated with this effort was calculated as follows: the first person at the test site was designated "supervisor", the second person was designated "data analyst", and the third and following personnel were considered "field support". Standardized hourly labor rates were charged by title: supervisor at \$95.00/hour, data analyst at \$57.00/hour, and field support at \$28.50/hour.

Government representatives monitored on-site activity. All on site activities were grouped into one of ten categories: initial setup/mobilization, daily setup/stop, calibration, collecting data, downtime due to break/lunch, downtime due to equipment failure, downtime due to equipment/data checks or maintenance, downtime due to weather, downtime due to demonstration site issue, or demobilization. See Appendix D for the daily activity log. See section 3.4 for a summary of field activities.

The standardized cost estimate associated with the labor needed to perform the field activities is presented in Table 9. Note that calibration time includes time spent in the Calibration Lanes as well as field calibrations. "Site survey time" includes daily setup/stop time, collecting data, breaks/lunch, downtime due to equipment/data checks or maintenance, downtime due to failure, and downtime due to weather.

TABLE 9. ON-SITE LABOR COSTS

	No. People	Hourly Wage	Hours	Cost
	II	NITIAL SETUP		•
Supervisor	1	\$95.00	5.5	\$522.50
Data Analyst	1	57.00	5.5	313.50
Field Support	2	28.50	5.5	313.50
Subtotal				\$1,149.50
	C	CALIBRATION		
Supervisor	1	\$95.00	7.08	\$672.60
Data Analyst	1	57.00	7.08	403.56
Field Support	2	28.50	7.08	403.56
Subtotal				\$1,479.72
		SITE SURVEY		
Supervisor	1	\$95.00	92.95	\$8830.25
Data Analyst	1	57.00	92.95	5298.15
Field Support	2	28.50	92.95	5298.15
Subtotal				\$19,426.55

See notes at end of table.

TABLE 9 (CONT'D)

	No. People	Hourly Wage	Hours	Cost
	DE	MOBILIZATION		
Supervisor	1	\$95.00	0.76	\$72.20
Data Analyst	1	57.00	0.76	43.32
Field Support	2	28.50	0.76	43.32
Subtotal				\$158.84
Total				\$22,214.61

Notes: Calibration time includes time spent in the Calibration Lanes as well as calibration before each data run.

Site Survey time includes daily setup/stop time, collecting data, breaks/lunch, downtime due to system maintenance, failure, and weather.

SECTION 6. COMPARISON OF RESULTS TO BLIND GRID DEMONSTRATION

6.1 SUMMARY OF RESULTS FROM BLIND GRID DEMONSTRATION

Table 10 shows the results from Blind Grid survey conducted prior to surveying the open field during the same site visit in May of 2003. For more details on the Blind Grid survey results reference section 2.1.6.

TABLE 10. SUMMARY OF BLIND GRID RESULTS FOR THE GEM-3

Metric	Overall Standa		Nonstandard	By Size		By Depth, m			
		Standard		Small	Medium	Large	< 0.3	0.3 to <1	>= 1
			RESPONSE S	TAGE	•				
P_d	0.45	0.45	0.50	0.30	0.50	0.80	0.50	0.50	0.00
P _d Low 90% Conf	0.38	0.34	0.35	0.20	0.37	0.58	0.40	0.35	0.00
P_{fp}	0.80	-	-	-	-	-	0.85	0.65	0.00
P _{fp} Low 90% Conf	0.74	-	-	-	-	-	0.79	0.50	-
P _{ba}	0.05	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		DI	SCRIMINATIO	N STA	GE				
P_d	0.45	0.40	0.50	0.25	0.50	0.80	0.45	0.50	0.00
P _d Low 90% Conf	0.35	0.30	0.35	0.15	0.37	0.58	0.36	0.35	0.00
P_{fp}	0.75	-	-	-	-	-	0.80	0.55	0.00
P _{fp} Low 90% Conf	0.68	-	-	-	-	-	0.72	0.43	-
P _{ba}	0.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

6.2 COMPARISON OF ROC CURVES USING ALL ORDNANCE CATEGORIES

Figure 6 shows P_d^{res} versus the respective P_{fp} over all ordnance categories. Figure 7 shows P_d^{disc} versus their respective P_{fp} over all ordnance categories. Figure 7 uses horizontal lines to illustrate the performance of the demonstrator at the recommended discrimination threshold levels, defining the subset of targets the demonstrator would recommend digging based on discrimination.

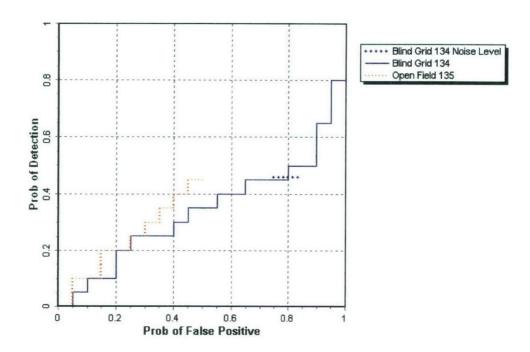


Figure 6. GEM-3 pushcart P_d^{res} stages versus the respective P_{fp} over all ordnance categories combined.

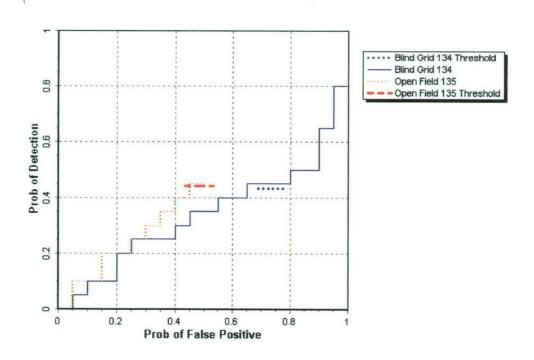


Figure 7. GEM-3 pushcart P_d^{disc} versus the respective P_{fp} over all ordnance categories combined.

6.3 COMPARISON OF ROC CURVES USING ORDNANCE LARGER THAN 20 MM

Figure 8 shows the P_d^{res} versus the respective probability of P_{fp} over ordnance larger than 20 mm. Figure 9 shows P_d^{disc} versus the respective P_{fp} over ordnance larger than 20 mm. Figure 9 uses horizontal lines to illustrate the performance of the demonstrator at the recommended discrimination threshold levels, defining the subset of targets the demonstrator would recommend digging based on discrimination.

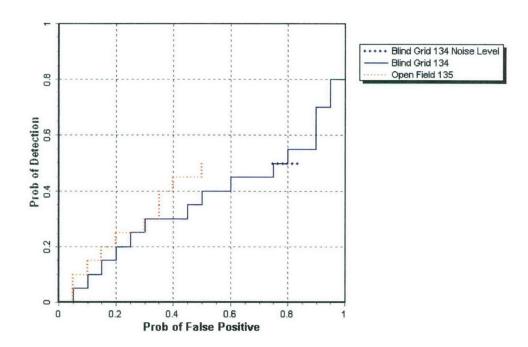


Figure 8. GEM-3 pushcart P_d res versus the respective P_{fp} for ordnance larger than 20 mm.

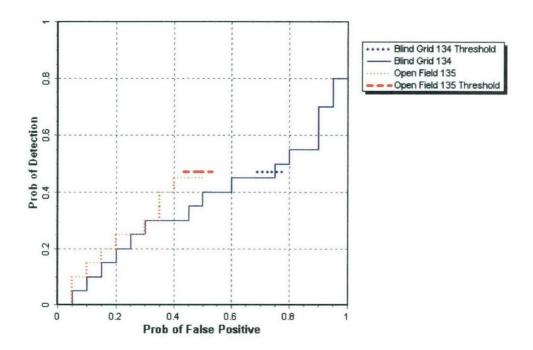


Figure 9. GEM-3 pushcart $P_d^{\,disc}$ versus the respective P_{fp} for ordnance larger than 20 mm.

6.4 STATISTICAL COMPARISONS

Statistical Chi-square significance tests were used to compare results between the Blind Grid and Open Field scenarios. The intent of the comparison is to determine if the feature introduced in each scenario has a degrading effect on the performance of the sensor system. However, any modifications in the UXO sensor system during the test, like changes in the processing or changes in the selection of the operating threshold, will also contribute to performance differences.

The Chi-square test for comparison between ratios was used at a significance level of 0.05 to compare Blind Grid to Open Field with regard to P_d^{res} , P_d^{disc} , P_{fp}^{res} and P_{fp}^{disc} , Efficiency and Rejection Rate. These results are presented in Table 11. A detailed explanation and example of the Chi-square application is located in Appendix A.

TABLE 11. CHI-SQUARE RESULTS - BLIND GRID VERSUS OPEN FIELD

Metric	Small	Medium	Large	Overall
P _d res	Not Significant	Not Significant	Not Significant	Not Significant
P _d disc	Not Significant	Not Significant	Not Significant	Not Significant
P _{fp} res	Not Significant	Not Significant	Not Significant	Significant
P _{fp} disc	-	-	-	Significant
Efficiency	-			Significant
Rejection rate	-	-	-	Significant

SECTION 7. APPENDIXES

APPENDIX A. TERMS AND DEFINITIONS

GENERAL DEFINITIONS

Anomaly: Location of a system response deemed to warrant further investigation by the demonstrator for consideration as an emplaced ordnance item.

Detection: An anomaly location that is within R_{halo} of an emplaced ordnance item.

Emplaced Ordnance: An ordnance item buried by the government at a specified location in the test site.

Emplaced Clutter: A clutter item (i.e., non-ordnance item) buried by the government at a specified location in the test site.

R_{halo}: A pre-determined radius about the periphery of an emplaced item (clutter or ordnance) within which a location identified by the demonstrator as being of interest is considered to be a response from that item. For the purpose of this program, a circular halo 0.5 meters in radius will be placed around the center of the object for all clutter and ordnance items less than 0.6 meters in length. When ordnance items are longer than 0.6 meters, the halo becomes an ellipse where the minor axis remains 1 meter and the major axis is equal to the projected length of the ordnance onto the ground plane plus 1 meter.

Small Ordnance: Caliber of ordnance less than or equal to 40-mm (includes 20-mm projectile, 40-mm projectile, submunitions BLU-26, BLU-63, and M42).

Medium Ordnance: Caliber of ordnance greater than 40-mm and less than or equal to 81 mm (includes 57-mm projectile, 60-mm mortar, 2.75-inch Rocket, MK118 Rockeye, 81-mm mortar).

Large Ordnance: Caliber of ordnance greater than 81-mm (includes 105-mm HEAT, 105-mm projectile, 155-mm projectile, 500-lb bomb).

Shallow: Items buried less than 0.3 meter below ground surface.

Medium: Items buried greater than or equal to 0.3 meter and less than 1 meter below ground surface.

Deep: Items buried greater than or equal to 1 meter below ground surface.

Response Stage Noise Level: The level that represents the point below which anomalies are not considered detectable. Demonstrators are required to provide the recommended noise level for the Blind Grid test area.

Discrimination Stage Threshold: The demonstrator selects the threshold level that they believe provides optimum performance of the system by retaining all detectable ordnance and rejecting the maximum amount of clutter. This level defines the subset of anomalies the demonstrator would recommend digging based on discrimination.

Binomially Distributed Random Variable: A random variable of the type which has only two possible outcomes, say success and failure, is repeated for n independent trials with the probability p of success and the probability 1-p of failure being the same for each trial. The number of successes x observed in the n trials is an estimate of p and is considered to be a binomially distributed random variable.

RESPONSE AND DISCRIMINATION STAGE DATA

The scoring of the demonstrator's performance is conducted in two stages. These two stages are termed the RESPONSE STAGE and DISCRIMINATION STAGE. For both stages, the probability of detection (P_d) and the false alarms are reported as receiver-operating characteristic (ROC) curves. False alarms are divided into those anomalies that correspond to emplaced clutter items, measuring the probability of false positive (P_{fp}) and those that do not correspond to any known item, termed background alarms.

The RESPONSE STAGE scoring evaluates the ability of the system to detect emplaced targets without regard to ability to discriminate ordnance from other anomalies. For the RESPONSE STAGE, the demonstrator provides the scoring committee with the location and signal strength of all anomalies that the demonstrator has deemed sufficient to warrant further investigation and/or processing as potential emplaced ordnance items. This list is generated with minimal processing (e.g., this list will include all signals above the system noise threshold). As such, it represents the most inclusive list of anomalies.

The DISCRIMINATION STAGE evaluates the demonstrator's ability to correctly identify ordnance as such, and to reject clutter. For the same locations as in the RESPONSE STAGE anomaly list, the DISCRIMINATION STAGE list contains the output of the algorithms applied in the discrimination-stage processing. This list is prioritized based on the demonstrator's determination that an anomaly location is likely to contain ordnance. Thus, higher output values are indicative of higher confidence that an ordnance item is present at the specified location. For electronic signal processing, priority ranking is based on algorithm output. For other systems, priority ranking is based on human judgment. The demonstrator also selects the threshold that the demonstrator believes will provide "optimum" system performance (i.e., that retains all the detected ordnance and rejects the maximum amount of clutter).

Note: The two lists provided by the demonstrator contain identical numbers of potential target locations. They differ only in the priority ranking of the declarations.

RESPONSE STAGE DEFINITIONS

Response Stage Probability of Detection (P_d^{res}): $P_d^{res} = (No. of response-stage detections)/(No. of emplaced ordnance in the test site).$

Response Stage False Positive (fp^{res}): An anomaly location that is within R_{halo} of an emplaced clutter item.

Response Stage Probability of False Positive (P_{fp}^{res}) : $P_{fp}^{res} = (No. of response-stage false positives)/(No. of emplaced clutter items).$

Response Stage Background Alarm: An anomaly in a blind grid cell that contains neither emplaced ordnance nor an emplaced clutter item. An anomaly location in the open field or scenarios that is outside R_{halo} of any emplaced ordnance or emplaced clutter item.

Response Stage Probability of Background Alarm (P_{ba}^{res}): Blind Grid only: $P_{ba}^{res} = (No. of response-stage background alarms)/(No. of empty grid locations).$

Response Stage Background Alarm Rate (BAR^{res}): Open Field only: BAR^{res} = (No. of response-stage background alarms)/(arbitrary constant).

Note that the quantities P_d^{res} , P_{fp}^{res} , P_{ba}^{res} , and BAR^{res} are functions of t^{res} , the threshold applied to the response-stage signal strength. These quantities can, therefore, be written as $P_d^{res}(t^{res})$, $P_{fp}^{res}(t^{res})$, $P_{ba}^{res}(t^{res})$, and $BAR^{res}(t^{res})$.

DISCRIMINATION STAGE DEFINITIONS

Discrimination: The application of a signal processing algorithm or human judgment to response-stage data that discriminates ordnance from clutter. Discrimination should identify anomalies that the demonstrator has high confidence correspond to ordnance, as well as those that the demonstrator has high confidence correspond to non-ordnance or background returns. The former should be ranked with highest priority and the latter with lowest.

Discrimination Stage Probability of Detection (P_d^{disc}) : $P_d^{disc} = (No. of discrimination-stage detections)/(No. of emplaced ordnance in the test site).$

Discrimination Stage False Positive (fp^{disc}): An anomaly location that is within R_{halo} of an emplaced clutter item.

Discrimination Stage Probability of False Positive (P_{fp}^{disc}): P_{fp}^{disc} = (No. of discrimination stage false positives)/(No. of emplaced clutter items).

Discrimination Stage Background Alarm: An anomaly in a blind grid cell that contains neither emplaced ordnance nor an emplaced clutter item. An anomaly location in the open field or scenarios that is outside R_{halo} of any emplaced ordnance or emplaced clutter item.

Discrimination Stage Probability of Background Alarm (P_{ba}^{disc}): P_{ba}^{disc} = (No. of discrimination-stage background alarms)/(No. of empty grid locations).

Discrimination Stage Background Alarm Rate (BAR^{disc}): BAR^{disc} = (No. of discrimination-stage background alarms)/(arbitrary constant).

Note that the quantities P_d^{disc} , P_{fp}^{disc} , P_{ba}^{disc} , and BAR^{disc} are functions of t^{disc} , the threshold applied to the discrimination-stage signal strength. These quantities can, therefore, be written as $P_d^{disc}(t^{disc})$, $P_{fp}^{disc}(t^{disc})$, $P_{ba}^{disc}(t^{disc})$, and $BAR^{disc}(t^{disc})$.

RECEIVER-OPERATING CHARACERISTIC (ROC) CURVES

ROC curves at both the response and discrimination stages can be constructed based on the above definitions. The ROC curves plot the relationship between P_d versus P_{fp} and P_d versus BAR or P_{ba} as the threshold applied to the signal strength is varied from its minimum (t_{min}) to its maximum (t_{max}) value. Figure A-1 shows how P_d versus P_{fp} and P_d versus BAR are combined into ROC curves. Note that the "res" and "disc" superscripts have been suppressed from all the variables for clarity.

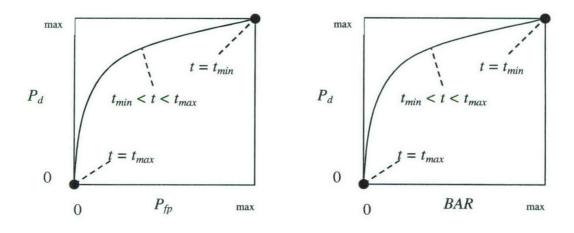


Figure A-1. ROC curves for open-field testing. Each curve applies to both the response and discrimination stages.

¹Strictly speaking, ROC curves plot the P_d versus P_{ba} over a predetermined and fixed number of detection opportunities (some of the opportunities are located over ordnance and others are located over clutter or blank spots). In an open field scenario, each system suppresses its signal strength reports until some bare-minimum signal response is received by the system. Consequently, the open field ROC curves do not have information from low signal-output locations, and, furthermore, different contractors report their signals over a different set of locations on the ground. These ROC curves are thus not true to the strict definition of ROC curves as defined in textbooks on detection theory. Note, however, that the ROC curves obtained in the Blind Grid test sites are true ROC curves.

METRICS TO CHARACTERIZE THE DISCRIMINATION STAGE

The demonstrator is also scored on efficiency and rejection ratio, which measure the effectiveness of the discrimination stage processing. The goal of discrimination is to retain the greatest number of ordnance detections from the anomaly list, while rejecting the maximum number of anomalies arising from non-ordnance items. The efficiency measures the amount of detected ordnance retained by the discrimination, while the rejection ratio measures the fraction of false alarms rejected. Both measures are defined relative to the entire response list, i.e., the maximum ordnance detectable by the sensor and its accompanying false positive rate or background alarm rate.

Efficiency (E): $E = P_d^{disc}(t^{disc})/P_d^{res}(t_{min}^{res})$: measures (at a threshold of interest), the degree to which the maximum theoretical detection performance of the sensor system (as determined by the response stage t_{min}) is preserved after application of discrimination techniques. Efficiency is a number between 0 and 1. An efficiency of 1 implies that all of the ordnance initially detected in the response stage was retained at the specified threshold in the discrimination stage, t^{disc} .

False Positive Rejection Rate (R_{fp}) : $R_{fp} = 1$ - $[P_{fp}^{\ disc}(t^{disc})/P_{fp}^{\ res}(t_{min}^{\ res})]$: measures (at a threshold of interest), the degree to which the sensor system's false positive performance is improved over the maximum false positive performance (as determined by the response stage t_{min}). The rejection rate is a number between 0 and 1. A rejection rate of 1 implies that all emplaced clutter initially detected in the response stage were correctly rejected at the specified threshold in the discrimination stage.

Background Alarm Rejection Rate (Rba):

Blind Grid:
$$R_{ba} = 1 - [P_{ba}^{disc}(t^{disc})/P_{ba}^{res}(t_{min}^{res})]$$

Open Field: $R_{ba} = 1 - [BAR^{disc}(t^{disc})/BAR^{res}(t_{min}^{res})]$

Measures the degree to which the discrimination stage correctly rejects background alarms initially detected in the response stage. The rejection rate is a number between 0 and 1. A rejection rate of 1 implies that all background alarms initially detected in the response stage were rejected at the specified threshold in the discrimination stage.

CHI-SQUARE COMPARISON EXPLANATION:

The Chi-square test for differences in probabilities (or 2 x 2 contingency table) is used to analyze two samples drawn from two different populations to see if both populations have the same or different proportions of elements in a certain category. More specifically, two random samples are drawn, one from each population, to test the null hypothesis that the probability of event A (some specified event) is the same for both populations (ref 4, pages 144 through 151).

A 2 x 2 contingency table is used in the Standardized UXO Technology Demonstration Site Program to determine if there is reason to believe that the proportion of ordnance correctly detected/discriminated by demonstrator X's system is significantly degraded by the more

challenging terrain feature introduced. The test statistic of the 2 x 2 contingency table is the Chi-square distribution with one degree of freedom. Since an association between the more challenging terrain feature and relatively degraded performance is sought, a one-sided test is performed. A significance level of 0.05 is chosen which sets a critical decision limit of 2.71 from the Chi-square distribution with one degree of freedom. It is a critical decision limit because if the test statistic calculated from the data exceeds this value, the two proportions tested will be considered significantly different. If the test statistic calculated from the data is less than this value, the two proportions tested will be considered not significantly different.

An exception must be applied when either a 0 or 100 percent success rate occurs in the sample data. The Chi-square test cannot be used in these instances. Instead, Fischer's test is used and the critical decision limit for one-sided tests is the chosen significance level, which in this case is 0.05. With Fischer's test, if the test statistic is less than the critical value, the proportions are considered to be significantly different.

Standardized UXO Technology Demonstration Site examples, where blind grid results are compared to those from the open field and open field results are compared to those from one of the scenarios, follow. It should be noted that a significant result does not prove a cause and effect relationship exists between the two populations of interest; however, it does serve as a tool to indicate that one data set has experienced a degradation in system performance at a large enough level than can be accounted for merely by chance or random variation. Note also that a result that is not significant indicates that there is not enough evidence to declare that anything more than chance or random variation within the same population is at work between the two data sets being compared.

Demonstrator X achieves the following overall results after surveying each of the three progressively more difficult areas using the same system (results indicate the number of ordnance detected divided by the number of ordnance emplaced):

Blind Grid	Open Field	Moguls
$P_d^{\text{res}} 100/100 = 1.0$	8/10 = .80	20/33 = .61
$P_d^{disc} 80/100 = 0.80$	6/10 = .60	8/33 = .24

P_d^{res}: BLIND GRID versus OPEN FIELD. Using the example data above to compare probabilities of detection in the response stage, all 100 ordnance out of 100 emplaced ordnance items were detected in the blind grid while 8 ordnance out of 10 emplaced were detected in the open field. Fischer's test must be used since a 100 percent success rate occurs in the data. Fischer's test uses the four input values to calculate a test statistic of 0.0075 that is compared against the critical value of 0.05. Since the test statistic is less than the critical value, the smaller response stage detection rate (0.80) is considered to be significantly less at the 0.05 level of significance. While a significant result does not prove a cause and effect relationship exists between the change in survey area and degradation in performance, it does indicate that the detection ability of demonstrator X's system seems to have been degraded in the open field relative to results from the blind grid using the same system.

- P_d disc: BLIND GRID versus OPEN FIELD. Using the example data above to compare probabilities of detection in the discrimination stage, 80 out of 100 emplaced ordnance items were correctly discriminated as ordnance in blind grid testing while 6 ordnance out of 10 emplaced were correctly discriminated as such in open field testing. Those four values are used to calculate a test statistic of 1.12. Since the test statistic is less than the critical value of 2.71, the two discrimination stage detection rates are considered to be not significantly different at the 0.05 level of significance.
- P_d^{res}: OPEN FIELD versus MOGULS. Using the example data above to compare probabilities of detection in the response stage, 8 out of 10 and 20 out of 33 are used to calculate a test statistic of 0.56. Since the test statistic is less than the critical value of 2.71, the two response stage detection rates are considered to be not significantly different at the 0.05 level of significance.
- P_d disc: OPEN FIELD versus MOGULS. Using the example data above to compare probabilities of detection in the discrimination stage, 6 out of 10 and 8 out of 33 are used to calculate a test statistic of 2.98. Since the test statistic is greater than the critical value of 2.71, the smaller discrimination stage detection rate is considered to be significantly less at the 0.05 level of significance. While a significant result does not prove a cause and effect relationship exists between the change in survey area and degradation in performance, it does indicate that the ability of demonstrator X to correctly discriminate seems to have been degraded by the mogul terrain relative to results from the flat open field using the same system.

APPENDIX B. DAILY WEATHER LOGS

TABLE B-1. WEATHER LOG

Weather Data from Yuma Proving Ground												
		Average										
	Time,	Temperature,	RH,	Precipitation,								
Date	EDST	°F	%	in.								
5/7/2003		66.1	33	0.00								
5/7/2003		64.8	35	0.00								
5/7/2003	03:00	63.2	36	0.00								
5/7/2003	04:00	62.0	37	0.00								
5/7/2003	05:00	61.2	37	0.00								
5/7/2003	06:00	60.2	38	0.00								
5/7/2003	07:00	62.1	37	0.00								
5/7/2003	08:00	63.4	38	0.00								
5/7/2003	09:00	66.0	36	0.00								
5/7/2003	10:00	69.2	33	0.00								
5/7/2003	11:00	72.1	30	0.00								
5/7/2003	12:00	74.6	26	0.00								
5/7/2003	13:00	76.5	25	0.00								
5/7/2003	14:00	77.4	24	0.00								
5/7/2003	15:00	77.4	23	0.00								
5/7/2003	16:00	77.9	23	0.00								
5/7/2003	17:00	76.6	25	0.00								
5/7/2003	18:00	74.7	26	0.00								
5/7/2003	19:00	71.8	33	0.00								
5/7/2003	20:00	69.5	36	0.00								
5/7/2003	21:00	67.8	40	0.00								
5/7/2003	22:00	65.8	45	0.00								
5/7/2003	23:00	64.9	46	0.00								
5/7/2003	24:00	63.8	47	0.00								
5/8/2003	01:00	62.6	47	0.00								
5/8/2003	02:00	61.8	45	0.00								
5/8/2003	03:00	59.7	45	0.00								
5/8/2003		58.0	48	0.00								
5/8/2003	05:00	56.8	53	0.00								
5/8/2003	06:00	55.5	56	0.00								
5/8/2003	07:00	57.5	53	0.00								
5/8/2003	08:00	60.5	47	0.00								
5/8/2003	09:00	65.1	40	0.00								
5/8/2003	10:00	67.3	36	0.00								
5/8/2003	11:00	71.1	30	0.00								
5/8/2003	12:00	72.9	29	0.00								
5/8/2003	13:00	74.4	27	0.00								
5/8/2003	14:00	76.4	24	0.00								
5/8/2003	15:00	77.2	23	0.00								
5/8/2003	16:00	78.1	22	0.00								
5/8/2003	17:00	77.3	24	0.00								
5/8/2003	18:00	76.2	22	0.00								
5/8/2003	19:00	73.5	22	0.00								

TABLE B-1 (CONT'D)

Weather Data from Yuma Proving Ground												
Average												
	Time,	Temperature,	RH,	Precipitation,								
Date	EDST	°F	%	in.								
5/8/2003	20:00	69.5	29	0.00								
5/8/2003	21:00	67.3	28	0.00								
5/8/2003	22:00	64.5	32	0.00								
5/8/2003	23:00	62.8	32	0.00								
5/8/2003	24:00	60.8	38	0.00								
5/9/2003	01:00	58.6	43	0.00								
5/9/2003	02:00	57.9	45	0.00								
5/9/2003	03:00	56.1	49	0.00								
5/9/2003	04:00	54.6	52	0.00								
5/9/2003	05:00	55.1	52	0.00								
5/9/2003	06:00	55.0	51	0.00								
5/9/2003	07:00	56.7	49	0.00								
5/9/2003	08:00	59.7	45	0.00								
5/9/2003	09:00	62.9	39	0.00								
5/9/2003	10:00	65.8	33	0.00								
5/9/2003	11:00	67.7	29	0.00								
5/9/2003	12:00	69.8	26	0.00								
5/9/2003	13:00	71.4	22	0.00								
5/9/2003	14:00	72.2	17	0.00								
5/9/2003	15:00	73.0	18	0.00								
5/9/2003	16:00	75.0	16	0.00								
5/9/2003	17:00	76.0	14	0.00								
5/9/2003	18:00	75.8	12	0.00								
5/9/2003	19:00	73.5	20	0.00								
5/9/2003	20:00	71.4	20	0.00								
5/9/2003	21:00	68.5	22	0.00								
5/9/2003	22:00	66.4	24	0.00								
5/9/2003	23:00	65.9	23	0.00								
5/9/2003	24:00	63.4	27	0.00								
5/10/2003	01:00	60.5	34	0.00								
5/10/2003	02:00	59.6	39	0.00								
5/10/2003	03:00	56.9	42	0.00								
5/10/2003	04:00	54.6	44	0.00								
5/10/2003	05:00	53.2	43	0.00								
5/10/2003	06:00	51.0	44	0.00								
5/10/2003	07:00	58.1	32	0.00								
5/10/2003	08:00	64.8	31	0.00								
5/10/2003	09:00	68.4	25	0.00								
5/10/2003	10:00	72.5	20	0.00								
5/10/2003	11:00	76.3	15	0.00								
5/10/2003	12:00	77.8	12	0.00								
5/10/2003	13:00	79.8	13	0.00								
5/10/2003	14:00	81.7	12	0.00								
5/10/2003	15:00	81.8	12	0.00								
5/10/2003	16:00	83.2	10	0.00								

TABLE B-1 (CONT'D)

Weather Data from Yuma Proving Ground													
	Average												
	Time,		RH,	Precipitation,									
Date	EDST	°F	%	in.									
5/10/2003	17:00	83.3	10	0.00									
5/10/2003	18:00	82.7	10	0.00									
5/10/2003	19:00	81.6	10	0.00									
5/10/2003	20:00	78.1	13	0.00									
5/10/2003	21:00	75.4	15	0.00									
5/10/2003	22:00	72.8	15	0.00									
5/10/2003	23:00	68.9	18	0.00									
5/10/2003	24:00	66.1	19	0.00									
5/12/2003	01:00	71.2	21	0.00									
5/12/2003	02:00	69.7	21	0.00									
5/12/2003	03:00	67.2	23	0.00									
5/12/2003	04:00	63.2	24	0.00									
5/12/2003	05:00	63.4	25	0.00									
5/12/2003	06:00	61.7	26	0.00									
5/12/2003	07:00	65.9	21	0.00									
5/12/2003	08:00	74.7	15	0.00									
5/12/2003	09:00	81.7	14	0.00									
5/12/2003	10:00	86.5	12	0.00									
5/12/2003	11:00	89.3	10	0.00									
5/12/2003	12:00	90.8	11	0.00									
5/12/2003	13:00	93.0	8	0.00									
5/12/2003	14:00	94.3	8	0.00									
5/12/2003	15:00	95.7	8	0.00									
5/12/2003	16:00	95.0	8	0.00									
5/12/2003	17:00	94.7	9	0.00									
5/12/2003	18:00	94.7	9	0.00									
5/12/2003	19:00	92.2	9	0.00									
5/12/2003	20:00	89.5	9	0.00									
5/12/2003	21:00	85.3	10	0.00									
5/12/2003	22:00	83.4	16	0.00									
5/12/2003	23:00	80.4	17	0.00									
5/12/2003	24:00	79.1	19	0.00									
5/14/2003	01:00	76.0	21	0.00									
5/14/2003	02:00	74.1	21	0.00									
5/14/2003	03:00	72.4	22	0.00									
5/14/2003	04:00	73.2	21	0.00									
5/14/2003	05:00	71.8	21	0.00									
5/14/2003	06:00	73.4	18	0.00									
5/14/2003	07:00	73.2	19	0.00									
5/14/2003	08:00	77.0	15	0.00									
5/14/2003	09:00	82.6	13	0.00									
5/14/2003	10:00	85.0	12	0.00									
5/14/2003	11:00	88.9	10	0.00									
5/14/2003	12:00	92.4	9	0.00									
5/14/2003	13:00	94.8	8	0.00									

TABLE B-1 (CONT'D)

Weather Data from Yuma Proving Ground												
Average												
	Time,	Temperature,	RH,	Precipitation,								
Date	EDST	°F	%	in.								
5/14/2003	14:00	97.4	7	0.00								
5/14/2003	15:00	96.2	6	0.00								
5/14/2003	16:00	96.5	7	0.00								
5/14/2003	17:00	94.6	9	0.00								
5/14/2003	18:00	93.8	7	0.00								
5/14/2003	19:00	92.0	8	0.00								
5/14/2003	20:00	87.9	10	0.00								
5/14/2003	21:00	84.4	11	0.00								
5/14/2003	22:00	81.9	11	0.00								
5/14/2003	23:00	79.4	12	0.00								
5/14/2003	24:00	78.6	12	0.00								
5/15/2003	01:00	62.5	39	0.00								
5/15/2003	02:00	61.1	40	0.00								
5/15/2003	03:00	60.0	44	0.00								
5/15/2003	04:00	58.1	49	0.00								
5/15/2003	05:00	57.9	51	0.00								
5/15/2003	06:00	57.0	52	0.00								
5/15/2003	07:00	60.8	46	0.00								
5/15/2003	08:00	64.5	45	0.00								
5/15/2003	09:00	68.3	37	0.00								
5/15/2003	10:00	73.1	31	0.00								
5/15/2003	11:00	78.0	26	0.00								
5/15/2003	12:00	81.0	23	0.00								
5/15/2003	13:00	83.4	22	0.00								
5/15/2003	14:00	85.7	20	0.00								
5/15/2003	15:00	87.5	18	0.00								
5/15/2003	16:00	89.7	17	0.00								
5/15/2003	17:00	89.8	17	0.00								
5/15/2003	18:00	89.9	17	0.00								
5/15/2003	19:00	88.4	18	0.00								
5/15/2003	20:00	86.0	19	0.00								
5/15/2003	21:00	83.4	21	0.00								
5/15/2003	22:00	80.2	22	0.00								
5/15/2003		75.7	25	0.00								
5/15/2003	24:00	73.7	26	0.00								
5/16/2003	01:00	73.9	29	0.00								
5/16/2003	02:00	70.8	32	0.00								
5/16/2003	03:00	69.2	32	0.00								
5/16/2003	04:00	68.5	33	0.00								
5/16/2003	05:00	66.7	35	0.00								
5/16/2003	06:00	65.4	35	0.00								
5/16/2003	07:00	70.5	30	0.00								
5/16/2003	08:00	79.3	23	0.00								
5/16/2003	09:00	86.4	17	0.00								
5/16/2003	10:00	90.0	14	0.00								

TABLE B-1 (CONT'D)

Weather Data from Yuma Proving Ground												
Average												
	Time,	Temperature,	RH,	Precipitation,								
Date	EDST	°F	%	in.								
5/16/2003	11:00	92.0	14	0.00								
5/16/2003	12:00	94.0	13	0.00								
5/16/2003	13:00	95.5	12	0.00								
5/16/2003	14:00	97.9	11	0.00								
5/16/2003	15:00	98.9	11	0.00								
5/16/2003	16:00	99.9	11	0.00								
5/16/2003	17:00	99.4	12	0.00								
5/16/2003	18:00	99.1	10	0.00								
5/16/2003	19:00	97.7	11	0.00								
5/16/2003	20:00	93.1	12	0.00								
5/16/2003	21:00	87.8	14	0.00								
5/16/2003	22:00	86.1	16	0.00								
5/16/2003	23:00	83.0	18	0.00								
5/16/2003	24:00	80.4	19	0.00								
5/19/2003	01:00	79.3	19	0.00								
5/19/2003	02:00	77.6	19	0.00								
5/19/2003	03:00	75.2	20	0.00								
5/19/2003	04:00	73.4	21	0.00								
5/19/2003	05:00	71.6	24	0.00								
5/19/2003	06:00	68.4	25	0.00								
5/19/2003	07:00	74.2	23	0.00								
5/19/2003	08:00	80.5	25	0.00								
5/19/2003	09:00	84.5	24	0.00								
5/19/2003	10:00	89.7	14	0.00								
5/19/2003	11:00	94.4	11	0.00								
5/19/2003	12:00	97.3	10	0.00								
5/19/2003	13:00	99.8	8	0.00								
5/19/2003	14:00	101.0	8	0.00								
5/19/2003	15:00	101.1	8	0.00								
5/19/2003	16:00	101.3	7	0.00								
5/19/2003	17:00	101.9	7	0.00								
5/19/2003	18:00	101.0	7	0.00								
5/19/2003	19:00	99.1	8	0.00								
5/19/2003	20:00	95.2	9	0.00								
5/19/2003	21:00	91.4	11	0.00								
5/19/2003	22:00	88.1	11	0.00								
5/19/2003	23:00	83.8	13	0.00								
5/19/2003	24:00	81.7	15	0.00								
6/4/2003	01:00	81.0	19	0.00								
6/4/2003	02:00	80.0	22	0.00								
6/4/2003	03:00	78.0	22	0.00								
6/4/2003	04:00	75.5	28	0.00								
6/4/2003	05:00	75.1	32	0.00								
6/4/2003	06:00	74.3	34	0.00								
6/4/2003	07:00	77.1	32	0.00								

TABLE B-1 (CONT'D)

Weather Data from Yuma Proving Ground												
Date	Time,	Average		Precipitation, in.								
6/4/2003	08:00	82.1	27	0.00								
6/4/2003	09:00	87.3	22	0.00								
6/4/2003	10:00	89.9	19	0.00								
6/4/2003	11:00	93.9	15	0.00								
6/4/2003	12:00	95.8	14	0.00								
6/4/2003	13:00	98.5	13	0.00								
6/4/2003	14:00	100.8	12	0.00								
6/4/2003	15:00	102.5	12	0.00								
6/4/2003	16:00	103.5	11	0.00								
6/4/2003	17:00	103.4	10	0.00								
6/4/2003	18:00	102.5	10	0.00								
6/4/2003	19:00	100.0	10	0.00								
6/4/2003	20:00	96.6	11	0.00								
6/4/2003	21:00	94.1	11	0.00								
6/4/2003	22:00	90.9	12	0.00								
6/4/2003	23:00	86.7	14	0.00								
6/4/2003	24:00	84.1	16	0.00								

APPENDIX C. SOIL MOISTURE

SOIL MOISTURE LOGS (6 through 17, 19 through 22, and 28 through 30 May 2003)

Date	Time			bratio ading	n Area s (%)	1	Time			ogul A			Time]		Extre		ea
		0 to	and the second	12 to		36 to		0 to	6 to	12 to	24 to	TEVER OF THE		0 to	6 to	12 to	24 to	36 to
		6 in.	12 in.		36 in.	48 in.		6 in.		24 in.		48 in.			12 in.		36 in.	48 in.
5/6/2003	0748	1.8	2.2	3.7	3.6	4.0	0807	1.7	2.0	3.4	4.0	4.1	800	1.7	2.0	3.5	3.9	4.0
	1237	1.8	2.2	3.6	3.6	4.0	1246	1.6	2.0	3.6	3.9	4.0	1254	1.7	2.0	3.4	3.9	4.1
5/7/2003	0723	1.8	2.2	3.6	3.6	3.9	0740	1.6	2.0	3.6	3.9	3.9	733	1.7	2.0	3.4	3.9	4.1
	1255	1.8	2.2	3.7	3.6	4.0	1310	1.6	2.0	3.5	3.9	4.0	1305	1.7	2.0	3.4	3.9	4.1
5/8/2003	0715	1.8	2.2	3.6	3.6	3.9	0724	1.6	2.0	3.6	4.0	3.9	732	1.7	2.0	3.4	3.9	4.1
	1243	1.8	2.2	3.7	3.6	3.9	1250	1.6	2.0	3.5	4.0	4.0	1258	1.7	2.0	3.4	3.9	4.1
5/9/2003	0623	1.8	2.2	3.6	3.6	3.9	0638	1.6	2.0	3.5	3.9	3.9	631	1.7	2.0	3.4	3.9	4.1
	1306	1.8	2.2	3.6	3.6	3.9	1315	1.6	2.0	3.5	3.9	3.9	1324	1.7	2.0	3.4	3.9	4.1
5/10/2003	0618	1.8	2.2	3.7	3.6	3.9	0626	1.6	2.0	3.5	3.9	4.0	634	1.7	2.0	3.4	3.9	4.1
	1203	1.8	2.2	3.6	3.6	3.9	1212	1.6	2.0	3.6	3.9	4.0	1221	1.7	2.0	3.4	3.9	4.1
5/12/2003	0630	1.8	2.2	3.7	3.6	3.9	0638	1.6	2.0	3.6	3.9	4.0	644	1.7	2.0	3.4	3.9	4.1
	1256	1.8	2.2	3.6	3.6	3.9	1305	1.6	2.0	3.5	3.9	4.0	1313	1.7	2.0	3.4	3.9	4.1
5/13/2003	0711	1.8	2.2	3.6	3.6	3.9	0719	1.7	2.0	3.6	3.9	4.0	726	1.7	2.0	3.4	3.9	4.1
	1312	1.8	2.2	3.7	3.6	4.0	1323	1.6	2.0	3.6	3.9	4.0	1332	1.7	2.0	3.4	3.9	4.1
5/14/2003	0630	1.8	2.2	3.7	3.6	4.0	0639	1.7	2.0	3.6	3.9	4.0	647	1.7	2.0	3.4	3.9	4.1
	1302	1.8	2.2	3.7	3.6	3.9	1312	1.7	2.0	3.6	4.0	4.0	1318	1.7	2.0	3.4	3.9	4.1
5/15/2003	0626	1.8	2.2	3.6	3.6	3.9	0640	1.7	2.0	3.6	3.9	4.0	648	1.7	2.0	3.4	3.9	4.1
	1302	1.8	2.2	3.7	3.6	4.0	1310	1.6	2.0	3.6	4.0	4.0	1318	1.7	2.0	3.4	3.9	4.1
5/16/2003	0622	1.8	2.2	3.7	3.6	3.9	0629	1.7	2.0	3.6	4.0	4.0	0637	1.7	2.0	3.4	3.9	4.1
	1250	1.8	2.2	3.6	3.6	3.9	1258	1.6	2.0	3.5	3.9	4.0	1305	1.7	2.0	3.4	3.9	4.1
5/17/2003	0610	1.8	2.2	3.7	3.6	3.9	0618	1.6	2.0	3.6	3.9	4.0	0626	1.7	2.0	3.4	3.9	4.1
	1319	1.8	2.2	3.6	3.6	4.0	1327	1.6	2.0	3.6	3.9	4.0	1334	1.7	2.0	3.4	3.9	4.1
5/19/2003	0600	1.8	2.2	3.6	3.6	4.0	0608	1.6	1.9	3.6	3.9	4.0	0615	1.7	2.0	3.4	4.0	4.1
	1306	1.8	2.2	3.7	3.6	4.0	1316	1.6	2.0	3.6	3.9	4.0	1324	1.7	2.0	3.4	4.0	4.1
5/20/2003	0534	1.8	2.2	3.7	3.6	4.0	0542	1.6	2.0	3.6	3.9	4.0	0550	1.7	2.0	3.4	3.9	4.1
	1311	1.8	2.2	3.7	3.6	4.0	1320	1.6	2.0	3.6	3.9	4.0	1326	1.7	2.0	3.4	4.0	4.1
5/21/2003	0547	1.8	2.2	3.7	3.6	4.0	0555	1.6	2.0	3.6	4.0	4.1	0603	1.7	2.0	3.4	4.0	4.1
	1301	1.8	2.2	3.7	3.6	4.0	1309	1.6	2.0	3.6	4.0	4.0	1316	1.7	2.0	3.4	4.0	4.1
5/22/2003	0535	1.8	2.2	3.7	3.6	4.0	0543	1.6	2.0	3.6	4.0	4.0	0550	1.7	2.0	3.4	4.0	4.1
	1303	1.8	2.2	3.7	3.6	4.0	1311	1.6	2.0	3.6	4.0	4.0	1318	1.7	2.0	3.4	4.0	4.1
5/28/2003	0722	1.8	2.2	3.7	3.6	4.0	0730	1.6	2.0	3.6	4.0	4.0	0743	1.7	2.0	3.4	4.0	4.1
	1210	1.8	2.2	3.7	3.6	4.0	1218	1.6	2.0	3.6	4.0	4.0	1225	1.7	2.0	3.4	4.0	4.1
5/29/2003	0645	1.8	2.2	3.7	3.6	4.0	0653	1.6	2.0	3.6	4.0	4.0	0700	1.7	2.0	3.4	4.0	4.1
	1222	1.8	2.2	3.7	3.6	4.0	1230	1.6	2.0	3.6	4.0	4.0	1237	1.7	2.0	3.4	4.0	4.1
5/30/2003	0600	1.8	2.2	3.7	3.6	4.0	0609	1.6	2.0	3.6	4.0	4.0	0616	1.7	2.0	3.4	4.0	4.1
	1239	1.8	2.2	3.7	3.6	4.0	1248	1.6	2.0	3.6	4.0	4.0	1255	1.7	2.0	3.4	4.0	4.1

APPENDIX D. DAILY ACTIVITY LOGS

	tions	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY		DRY		DRY		DRY		DRY	DRY		DRY		DRY		DRY	DRY
	Field Conditions	HOT	HOT	HOT	HOT	HOT	HOT		HOT		HOT		HOT		HOT	HOT		HOT		HOT		HOT	HOT
	Pattern	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA	NA		NA		NA		AN	NA
Track	Track Method=Other Method Explain	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA	NA		NA		NA		NA	NA
	Track	NA	NA	AZ	AN	GPS	NA		GPS		GPS		AN		GPS	AN		GPS		GPS		GPS	GPS
	Operational Status - Comments	SETTING UP EQUIPMENT	LUNCH	SETTING UP FOI IIPMENT	BREAKING DOWN EQUIPMENT EOD	SETTING UP EQUIPMENT	RUNNING CAL LANE,	BI DIRECTION, NORTH/SOUTH	CHECKING/	DOWNLOADING DATA	RUNNING CAL LANE	BI DIRECTION EAST/WEST	CHECKING/	DOWNLOADING DATA	LUNCH	CHECKING/	DOWNLOADING DATA	RUNNING BTG,	BIDIRECTION EAST/WEST	CHECKING/	DOWINDOADING DATA	SETTING UP	COLLECT DATA OVER PIT
	Operational Status	SET UP/MOBILIZATION	BREAK/LUNCH	SET UP/MOBILIZATION	SET UP/MOBILIZATION	SET UP/MOBILIZATION	COLLECTING DATA		DOWNTIME DUE TO	EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE/CHECK	COLLECTING DATA		DOWNTIME DUE TO	EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE/CHECK	BREAK/LUNCH	DOWNTIME DUE TO	EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE/CHECK	COLLECTING DATA		DOWNTIME DUE TO	MAINTENANCE/CHECK	SET UP/MOBILIZATION	COLLECTING DATA
	Duration, min	30	15	270	30	45	09		75		20		70		30	30		75		35		20	<mark>25</mark>
Status	Stop	1045	1100	1530	1600	0815	0915		1030		1120		1140		1210	1240		1355		1430		1450	1515
Status Status	Start Time	1015	1045	1100	1530	0220	0815		0915		1030		1120		1140	1210		1240		1355		1430	1450
	Area Tested	INTIAL SETUP	INTIAL SETUP	INTIAL SETUP	INITIAL SETUP	INITIAL SETUP	CALIBRATION	LANES	CALIBRATION	LANES	CALIBRATION	LANES	CALIBRATION	LANES	CALIBRATION	CALIBRATION	LANES	BLIND TEST	GRID	BLIND TEST	GKID	CALIBRATION	CALIBRATION
No.	of People		4	4	4	2	S		5		2	1	5		S	2		2		2		S	S
	Date	5/5/2003	5/5/2003	5/5/2003	5/5/2003	5/6/2003	5/6/2003		5/6/2003		5/6/2003		5/6/2003		5/6/2003	5/6/2003		5/6/2003		5/6/2003		5/6/2003	5/6/2003

Note: Activities pertinent to this specific demonstration are indicated in highlighted text.

	ons	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY
	Field Conditions	HOT	HOT	HOT	COOL/WINDY	COOL/WINDY	HOTWINDY	HOT/WINDY	HOT/WINDY	HOT/WINDY	HOT/WINDY	HOT/WINDY	HOT/WINDY	HOT/WINDY	HOT/WINDY	COOL/WINDY	COOL/WINDY
	Pattern	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Track Method=Other	Explain	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Track	Method	GPS	GPS	NA	NA	GPS	GPS	CPS	GPS	GPS	NA	NA	CPS	CPS	NA	NA	GPS
- sn:		CHANGE OUT BATTERY	COLLECT DATA OVER PIT	BREAKING DOWN EQUIPMENT EOD	SETTING UP EQUIPMENT	RUNNING OPEN RANGE, GRID A2, BIDIRECTIONAL E/W	CHECKING/ DOWNLOADING DATA	SETTING UP EQUIPMENT	RUNNING OPEN RANGE, GRID A3, BIDIRECTIONAL E/W	CHECKING/ DOWNLOADING DATA	BREAK	SETTING UP EQUIPMENT	RUNNING OPEN RANGE GRID G2, BIDIRECTIONAL E/W	CHECKING/ DOWNLOADING DATA	BREAKING DOWN EQUIPMENT EOD	SETTING UP EQUIPMENT	RUNNING OPEN RANGE, GRID G3,G4, BIDIRECTIONAL E/W
	Operational Status	DOWNTIME DUE TO EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE/CHECK	COLLECTING DATA	SET UP/MOBILIZATION	SET UP/MOBILIZATION	COLLECTING DATA	DOWNTIME DUE TO EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE/CHECK	SET UP/MOBILIZATION	COLLECTING DATA	DOWNTIME DUE TO EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE/CHECK	BREAK/LUNCH	SET UP/MOBILIZATION	COLLECTING DATA	DOWNTIME DUE TO EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE/CHECK	SET UP/MOBILIZATION	SET UP/MOBILIZATION	COLLECTING DATA
Duration,	min	מי	2	10	100	100	40	10	95	30	20	10	06	20	10	45	125
	Time	1520	1525	1535	0855	1035	1115	1125	1300	1330	1350	1400	1530	1550	1600	0745	0950
Status Status Start Stop	Time	1515	1520	1525	0715	0855	1035	1115	1125	1300	1330	1350	1400	1530	1550	0020	0745
	- 1	CALIBRATION PIT	CALIBRATION PIT	CALIBRATION PIT	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE
No.	People	N)	S	S	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	5	2
	Date	5/6/2003	5/6/2003	5/6/2003	5/7/2003	5/7/2003	5/7/2003	5/7/2003	5/7/2003	5/7/2003	5/7/2003	5/7/2003	5/7/2003	5/7/2003	5/7/2003	5/8/2003	5/8/2003

Note: Activities pertinent to this specific demonstration are indicated in highlighted text.

	ons	DRY		DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY
	Field Conditions	COOL/WINDY		HOT/WINDY	HOT/WINDY	HOT/WINDY	HOT/WINDY	HOT/WINDY	HOT/WINDY	HOT/WINDY	HOT/WINDY	COOL	LINEAR COOLWINDY	COOL/WINDY	COOL/WINDY	COOL/WINDY	COOL/WINDY
	Pattern	NA		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	LINEAR	NA	LINEAR	NA	NA
Track	Method=Other Explain	NA		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	Track	GPS		GPS	GPS	GPS	NA	GPS	NA	NA	NA	NA	GPS	GPS	GPS	GPS	NA
	Operational Status - Comments		DOWNLOADING DATA	RUNNING BTG BIDIRECTIONAL NORTH/ SOUTH	CHECKING/ DOWNLOADING DATA	LUNCH	LAYOUT LANES WITH ROPE	COLLECT DATA OVER PIT	BREAK	LAYOUT LANES WITH ROPE	BREAKING DOWN EQUIPMENT EOD	SETTING UP EQUIPMENT	RUNNING OPEN RANGE, GRID F2,F3,F4,F5 BIDIRECTIONAL E/W	CHECKING/ DOWNLOADING DATA	RUNNING OPEN RANGE, GRID F2,F3,F4,F5 BIDIRECTIONAL E/W	CHECKING/ DOWNLOADING DATA	LUNCH
	Operational Status	DOWNTIME DUE TO	EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE/CHECK	COLLECTING DATA	DOWNTIME DUE TO EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE/CHECK	BREAK/LUNCH	SET UP/MOBILIZATION	COLLECTING DATA	BREAK/LUNCH	SET UP/MOBILIZATION	SET UP/MOBILIZATION	SET UP/MOBILIZATION	COLLECTING DATA	DOWNTIME DUE TO EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE/CHECK	COLLECTING DATA	DOWNTIME DUE TO EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE/CHECK	BREAK/LUNCH
:	Duration, min	30		70	15	30	45	100	20	20	10	35	82	20	<mark>82</mark>	30	30
Status	Stop	1020		1130	1145	1215	1300	1440	1500	1550	1600	0720	0845	0905	1030	1100	1130
Status Status	Time	0950		1020	1130	1145	1215	1300	1440	1500	1550	0645	0720	0845	0905	1030	1100
	Area Tested	OPEN RANGE		BLIND TEST GRID	BLIND TEST GRID	BLIND TEST GRID	OPEN RANGE	CALIBRATION PIT	CALIBRATION	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE
No.	or People	5		2	5	2	2	2	S	2	2	4	4	4	4	4	4
	Date	5/8/2003		5/8/2003	5/8/2003	5/8/2003	5/8/2003	5/8/2003	5/8/2003	5/8/2003	5/8/2003	5/9/2003	5/9/2003	5/9/2003	5/9/2003	5/9/2003	5/9/2003

Note: Activities pertinent to this specific demonstration are indicated in highlighted text.

Suo	DRY		DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY
Field Conditions	HOT/WINDY		HOT/WINDY	HOT/WINDY	HOT/WINDY	HOT/WINDY	HOT/WINDY	HOT/WINDY	HOT/WINDY	T000	T000	<u>7000</u>	HOT
Pattern	LINEAR		NA	LINEAR	NA	LINEAR	NA	LINEAR	NA	NA	LINEAR	LINEAR	LINEAR
Track Method=Other Explain	NA		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA NA
Track Method	GPS		GPS	GPS	GPS	GPS	GPS	GPS	NA	NA	GPS	GPS	GPS
Operational Status - Comments	RUNNING OPEN	RANGE, GRID F2,F3,F4,F5 BIDIRECTIONAL E/W	CHANGE OUT PROCESSOR UNIT	RUNNING OPEN RANGE, GRID F2,F3,F4,F5 BIDIRECTIONAL EW	CHECKING/ DOWNLOADING DATA	RUNNING OPEN RANGE, GRID F2,F3,F4,F5 BIDIRECTIONAL EW	CHANGE OUT BATTERY	RUNNING OPEN RANGE, GRID F2,F3,F4,F5 BIDIRECTIONAL EW	BREAKING DOWN EQUIPMENT EOD	SETTING UP EQUIPMENT	RUNNING OPEN RANGE, GRID E2,E3,E4,E5 BIDIRECTIONAL EW	SWAPPED OUT FIELD COMPUTER	RUNNING OPEN RANGE, GRID E2,E3,E4,E5 BIDIRECTIONAL EW
Operational Status	COLLECTING DATA		DOWNTIME DUE TO EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE/CHECK	COLLECTING DATA	DOWNTIME DUE TO EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE/CHECK	COLLECTING DATA	DOWNTIME DUE TO EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE/CHECK	COLLECTING DATA	SET UP/MOBILIZATION	SET UP/MOBILIZATION	COLLECTING DATA	DOWNTIME DUE TO EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE/CHECK	COLLECTING DATA
Duration,	80		01	30	09	15	15	<mark>20</mark>	20	30	98	8	<mark>101</mark>
Status Status Start Stop Time Time			1300	1330	1430	1445	1500	1520	1540	0020	0826	0828	1015
Status Start Time	1130		1250	1300	1330	1430	1445	1500	1520	0630	0020	0826	0828
Area Tested	0		OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE
No. of People	4		4	<mark>IX</mark>	N)	<mark>IX</mark>	S	N	2	2	S	2	S
Date	5/9/2003		5/9/2003	5/9/2003	5/9/2003	5/9/2003	5/9/2003	5/9/2003	5/9/2003	5/10/2003	5/10/2003	5/10/2003	5/10/2003

Note: Activities pertinent to this specific demonstration are indicated in highlighted text.

	ions	DRY	DRY		DRY	NDV	DKI	DRY		DRY	DRY) du	DRI	DRY		DRY		DRY		DRY		DRY	DRY
	Field Conditions	HOT	HOT		HOI	TOT	ПОН	HOT		HOT	HOT	TOT.	ноп	HOT		HOT		HOT		HOT		HOT	HOT
	Pattern	NA	AN		LINEAR	VIV	W	LINEAR		NA	AN	MIN	NA	LINEAR		NA		LINEAR		NA		NA	NA
Track Method=Other	Explain	NA	NA		NA	NIA	ev.	NA		NA	NA	MA	NA	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA	NA
Track	Method	NA	CPS	0000	CPS	CDC	CLO	GPS		GPS	GPS	000	25	GPS		GPS		GPS		GPS		NA	NA
Operational Status -	Comments	LUNCH	CHECKING/ DOWNLOADING	DAIA	OPENRANGE, GRID E2,E3,E4,E5 RIDIRECTIONAL F/W	CHANGE OF IT	PROCESSOR UNIT	RUNNING OPEN	RANGE, GRID E2,E3,E4,E5 BIDIRECTIONAL E/W	BREAKING DOWN EQUIPMENT EQD	SETTING UP	FOURTHENI	CALIBRATED USING	RUNNING OPEN	RANGE, GRID E2,E3,E4,E5 BIDIRECTIONAL E/W	CHECKING/	DOWNLOADING	RUNNING OPEN	RANGE, GRID A4,A5 BIDIRECTIONAL E/W	CHECKING/	DOWNLOADING DATA	WHEEL AXLE BROKE	BREAKING DOWN EQUIPMENT EOD
	Operational Status	BREAK/LUNCH	DOWNTIME DUE TO EQUIPMENT	MAIN I ENANCE/CHECK	COLLECTING DATA	DOWNTIME DITE TO	EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE/CHECK	COLLECTING DATA		SET UP/MOBILIZATION	SET UP/MOBILIZATION	ATA COMPOST I CO	COLLECTING DATA	COLLECTING DATA		DOWNTIME DUE TO	MAINTENANCE/CHECK	COLLECTING DATA		DOWNTIME DUE TO	EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE/CHECK	DOWNTIME DUE TO	SET UP/MOBILIZATION
Duration,	min	25	20		103	2	n	54		20	21		4	09		20		50		2		175	N.
Status Stop	Time	1040	1100	0,0,	1243	1216	0471	1340		1400	0721	3000	C710	0825		0935		1025		1030		1325	1330
Status Status Start Stop	Time	1015	1040	0011	1100	12/3	C+71	1246		1340	0020	1000	0/21	0725		0825		0935		1025		1030	1325
	Area Tested	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	TO STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PA	OPEN KANGE	ODEN DANGE	OFEN NAMOE	OPEN RANGE		OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	TOTA DIVIDO	OPEN KAINGE	OPEN RANGE		OPEN RANGE		OPEN RANGE		OPEN RANGE		OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE
No.	People	5	S		4	_	†	4		4	5	u	O.	5		2		5		5		2	S
	Date	5/10/2003	5/10/2003	0000000	5/10/2003	5/10/2003	2/10/2003	5/10/2003		5/10/2003	5/12/2003	200000000	2/17/2003	5/12/2003		5/12/2003		5/12/2003		5/12/2003		5/12/2003	5/12/2003

Note: Activities pertinent to this specific demonstration are indicated in highlighted text.

	tions	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	HUMID	HUMID	HUMID	HUMID	HUMID	HUMID	HUMID
	Field Conditions	HOT	HOT	HOT	HOT	HOT	HOT	HOT	HOT	WARM	WARM	WARM	WARM	WARM	WARM	WARM
	Pattern	NA	LINEAR	NA	LINEAR	NA	LINEAR	NA	NA	NA	LINEAR	LINEAR	NA	LINEAR	NA	NA
Track Method=Other	Explain	NA	NA	NA	NA	AN	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA V	NA	NA	NA	NA
Track	Method	GPS	GPS	GPS	CPS	NA	AN	CPS	NA	NA	CPS	CPS	CPS	CPS	GPS	NA
Onerational Status -		SETTING UP EQUIPMENT	RUNNING OPEN RANGE, A4,A5 BIDIRECTIONAL E/W	CHECKING/ DOWNLOADING DATA	RUNNING OPEN RANGE, A4,A5 BIDIRECTIONAL E/W	BREAK	RUNNING OPEN RANGE, A4,A5 BIDIRECTIONAL E/W	CHECKING/ DOWNLOADING DATA	BREAKING DOWN EQUIPMENT EOD	SETTING UP EQUIPMENT	EQUIPMENT WAS CALIBRATED USING CAL BALL	RUNNING OPEN RANGE, A4,A5 BIDIRECTIONAL E/W	CHECKING/ DOWNLOADING DATA	RUNNING OPEN RANGE, D4,D5 BIDIRECTIONAL E/W	CHECKING/ DOWNLOADING DATA	LUNCH
	Operational Status	SET UP/MOBILIZATION	COLLECTING DATA	DOWNTIME DUE TO EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE/CHECK	COLLECTING DATA	BREAK/LUNCH	COLLECTING DATA	DOWNTIME DUE TO EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE/CHECK	SET UP/MOBILIZATION	SET UP/MOBILIZATION	COLLECTING DATA	COLLECTING DATA	DOWNTIME DUE TO EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE/CHECK	COLLECTING DATA	DOWNTIME DUE TO EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE/CHECK	BREAK/LUNCH
Duration.	min	45	45	<mark>20</mark>	<mark>0</mark> 2	17	48	10	15	65	4	71	30	<mark>09</mark>	15	55
Status	Time	1215	1300	1320	1430	1447	1535	1545	1600	0735	0739	0820	0920	1020	1035	1130
Status Status Start Ston	Time	1130	1215	1300	1320	1430	1447	1535	1545	0630	0735	0739	0880	0920	1020	1035
	Area Tested	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE
No.	People	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	S	N.	v)	S	w.	N.	2
		5/13/2003	5/13/2003	5/13/2003	5/13/2003	5/13/2003	5/13/2003	5/13/2003	5/13/2003	5/14/2003	5/14/2003	5/14/2003	5/14/2003	5/14/2003	5/14/2003	5/14/2003

Note: Activities pertinent to this specific demonstration are indicated in highlighted text.

	ions	HUMID		HUMID			HUMID	HUMID			HUMID		DRY		DRY			DRY			DRY		0.00	DRY		DRY		DRY			DRY			DRY		DRY
	Field Conditions	WARM		WARM			WARM	WARM			WARM		COOL		COOL			COOL			COOL			COOL		COOL		COOL			HOT			HOT		HOT
	Pattern	LINEAR		NA			AN	LINEAR			NA		NA		LINEAR			NA			LINEAR			NA		LINEAR		NA			LINEAR			NA		NA
Track Method=Other	Explain	NA		NA			NA	NA			NA		NA		NA			NA			NA			NA		NA		NA			NA			NA		NA
Track	Method	GPS		GPS			NA	GPS			NA		NA		GPS			GPS			GPS			GPS		GPS		GPS			GPS			GPS		NA
Onerational Status -	Comments	RUNNING OPEN	RANGE, D4,D5 BIDIRECTIONAL E/W	CHECKING/	DOWNLOADING	DAIA	BREAK	RUNNING OPEN	RANGE, D4,D5	BIDIRECTIONAL E/W	BREAKING DOWN	EQUIPMENT EOD	SETTING UP	EQUIPMENT	RUNNING OPEN	RANGE, B2,B3	BIDIRECTIONAL E/W	CHECKING/	DOWNLOADING	DATA	RUNNING OPEN	RANGE, B2,B3	BIDIRECTIONAL E/W	GPS DOWN		RUNNING OPEN	BIDIRECTIONAL E/W	CHECKING/	DOWNLOADING	DATA	RUNNING OPEN	RANGE, B2,B3	BIDIRECTIONAL E/W	CHECKING/	DOWNLOADING	CHOW
	Operational Status	COLLECTING DATA		DOWNTIME DUE TO	EQUIPMENT	MAINTENANCECHECK	BREAK/LUNCH	COLLECTING DATA			SET UP/MOBILIZATION		SET UP/MOBILIZATION		COLLECTING DATA			DOWNTIME DUE TO	EQUIPMENT	MAINTENANCE/CHECK	COLLECTING DATA			DOWNTIME DUE TO	EQUIPMENT FAILURE	COLLECTING DATA		DOWNTIME DUE TO	EQUIPMENT	MAINTENANCE/CHECK	COLLECTING DATA			DOWNTIME DUE TO	MAINTENANCE/CHECK	BREAK/LUNCH
Duration	min	115		35		0	30	120			30		25		25			7			00			S		06		20			115			10		09
Status	Time	1325		1400	ı	000	1430	1530			1600		0710		0735			0742			0220			0755		0925		0945			1140			1150		1250
Status	Time	1130		1325		000	1400	1430			1530		0645		0710			0735			0742			0750		0755		0925			0945			1140		1150
	Area Tested	0		OPEN RANGE			OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE			OPEN RANGE		OPEN RANGE		OPEN RANGE			OPEN RANGE			OPEN RANGE			OPEN RANGE		OPEN RANGE		OPEN RANGE			OPEN RANGE			OPEN RANGE		OPEN RANGE
No.	People	S		2			2	S			2		2		5			2			2			2		2		5			5			5		2
	Date	33		5/14/2003			5/14/2003	5/14/2003			5/14/2003		5/15/2003		5/15/2003			5/15/2003			5/15/2003			5/15/2003		5/15/2003		5/15/2003			5/15/2003			5/15/2003		5/15/2003

Note: Activities pertinent to this specific demonstration are indicated in highlighted text.

	tions	DRY	DRY		DRY		DRY			DRY			DRY		DRY		DRY			DRY			DRY			DRY	DRY			DRY			DRY	DRY		DRY
	Field Conditions	HOT	HOT		HOT		HOT			HOT			HOT		COOL		COOL			COOL			T000			COOL	HOT			HOT			HOT	HOT		HOT
	Pattern	NA	LINEAR		NA		NA			LINEAR			NA		NA		AN			LINEAR			NA			AN	LINEAR			NA			NA	LINEAR		NA
Track	Track Method=Other	AN	NA		AZ		AN		The second second	NA			NA		NA		NA			NA			NA			NA	NA			NA			NA	NA		NA
	Track	NA	GPS		GPS		GPS			GPS			NA		NA		GPS			GPS			GPS			NA	GPS			GPS			NA	GPS		NA
	Operational Status -	CS	RUNNING OPEN	RANGE, C4,C5 BIDIRECTIONAL E/W	COMMUNICATION	ERROR INFIELD COMPUTOR	CHANGE OUT FIELD	COMPUTORS		RUNNING OPEN	RANGE, C4,C5	BIDIRECTIONAL EW	BREAKING DOWN	EQUIPMENT EOD	SETTING UP	EQUIPMENT	EQUIPMENT WAS	CALIBRATED USING	CAL BALL	RUNNING OPEN	RANGE, C4,C5	BIDIRECTIONAL EW	CHECKING/	DOWNLOADING	DATA	SET UP ON D3	RUNNING OPEN	RANGE, D3	BIDIRECTIONAL E/W	CHECKING/	DOWNLOADING	DATA	CHOW	RUNNING OPEN	BIDIRECTIONAL E/W	BREAK
	Operational Status	SET UP/MOBILIZATION	COLLECTING DATA		DOWNTIME DUE TO	EQUIPMENT FAILURE	DOWNTIME DUE TO	EQUIPMENT	MAINTENANCE/CHECK	COLLECTING DATA			SET UP/MOBILIZATION		SET UP/MOBILIZATION	The second second second second second	COLLECTING DATA			COLLECTING DATA			DOWNTIME DUE TO	EQUIPMENT	MAINTENANCE/CHECK	SET UP/MOBILIZATION	COLLECTING DATA			DOWNTIME DUE TO	EQUIPMENT	MAINTENANCE/CHECK	BREAK/LUNCH	COLLECTING DATA		BREAK/LUNCH
	Duration,	2	25		5		5			120			30		15		S			82			25			10	130			15			70	55		40
	Stop Time		1320		1325		1330			1530			1600		0655		0020			0825	>		0820			0060	11110			1125			1235	1330		1410
Status	Start Time	1250	1255		1320		1325			1330			1530		0640		9655			0200			0825			0820	0060			1110			1125	1235		1330
	Area Tested	0	OPEN RANGE		OPEN RANGE		OPEN RANGE			OPEN RANGE			OPEN RANGE		OPEN RANGE		OPEN RANGE			OPEN RANGE			OPEN RANGE			OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE			OPEN RANGE			OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE		OPEN RANGE
No.	of People	2	2		2		S			S			2		4		4			4			4			4	4			4			4	4		4
	Date	33	5/15/2003		5/15/2003		5/15/2003			5/15/2003			5/15/2003		5/16/2003		5/16/2003			5/16/2003			5/16/2003			5/16/2003	5/16/2003			5/16/2003			5/16/2003	5/16/2003		5/16/2003

Note: Activities pertinent to this specific demonstration are indicated in highlighted text.

	tions	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY
	Field Conditions	HOT	HOT	HOT	HOT	HOT	HOT	HOT	HOT	HOT	HOT	HOT	HOT	HOT	HOT	HOT
	Pattern	LINEAR	NA	NA	NA	NA	LINEAR	NA	LINEAR	NA	AN	LINEAR	AN	NA	AN	NA
Track Method=Other	Explain	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA V	NA
Track	Method	GPS	GPS	NA	NA	GPS	GPS	GPS	GPS	GPS	NA	GPS	GPS	NA	GPS	NA
Onerational Status -	Comments	RUNNING OPEN RANGE, D3	CHECKING/ DOWNLOADING DATA	BREAKING DOWN EOUIPMENT EOD	SETTING UP EQUIPMENT	EQUIPMENT WAS CALIBRATED USING CAL BALL	RUNNING OPEN RANGE, D2 BIDIRECTIONAL E/W	CHECKING/ DOWNLOADING DATA	RUNNING OPEN RANGE, B5 BIDIRECTIONAL E/W	CHECKING/ DOWNLOADING DATA	CHOW	RUNNING OPEN RANGE, B5 BIDIRECTIONAL E/W	CHECKING/ DOWNLOADING DATA	BREAK	CONDUCTED EQUIPMENT INTERFERENCE TEST	BREAKING DOWN EQUIPMENT EOD
	Operational Status	COLLECTING DATA	DOWNTIME DUE TO EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE/CHECK	SET UP/MOBILIZATION	SET UP/MOBILIZATION	COLLECTING DATA	COLLECTING DATA	DOWNTIME DUE TO EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE/CHECK	COLLECTING DATA	DOWNTIME DUE TO EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE/CHECK	BREAK/LUNCH	COLLECTING DATA	DOWNTIME DUE TO EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE/CHECK	BREAK/LUNCH	COLLECTING DATA	SET UP/MOBILIZATION
Duration.	min	65	15	30	45	S	92	20	<mark>62</mark>	S	35	70	15	50	25	30
Status	Time	1515	1530	1600	0715	0720	0825	0921	1040	1045	1120	1230	1245	1335	1400	1430
Status	Time	1410	1515	1530	0630	0715	0720	0825	0921	1040	1045	1120	1230	1245	1335	1400
	Area Tested	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE
No.	People	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	8	3	3	8	3
		5/16/2003	5/16/2003	5/16/2003	5/17/2003	5/17/2003	5/17/2003	5/17/2003	5/17/2003	5/17/2003	5/17/2003	5/17/2003	5/17/2003	5/17/2003	5/17/2003	5/17/2003

Note: Activities pertinent to this specific demonstration are indicated in highlighted text.

	tions	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY
	Field Conditions	HOT	HOT	HOT	HOT	HOT	HOT	HOT	HOT	HOT	HOT	HOT	HOT	HOT	HOT	HOT
	Pattern	NA	AN	LINEAR	NA	LINEAR	AN	NA	NA	LINEAR	NA	AN	LINEAR	NA	NA	LINEAR
Track Method=Other	Explain	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	AN	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Track	Method	NA	GPS	GPS	NA	GPS	NA	AN	NA	CPS	NA	CPS	CPS	GPS	NA	GPS
Operational Status -	Comments	SETTING UP EQUIPMENT	EQUIPMENT WAS CALIBRATED USING CAL BALL	RUNNING OPEN RANGE, B4 BIDIRECTIONAL E/W	CHECKING/ DOWNLOADING DATA	RUNNING OPEN RANGE, B4 BIDIRECTIONAL E/W	CHECKING/ DOWNLOADING DATA	CHANGE OUT BATTERY	BREAK	RUNNING OPEN RANGE, B4 BIDIRECTIONAL E/W	SET UP ON GRID C2,C3	CHECKING/ DOWNLOADING DATA	RUNNING OPEN RANGE, C2,C3 BIDIRECTIONAL E/W	CHECKING/ DOWNLOADING DATA	CHOW/BREAK	RUNNING OPEN RANGE, C2,C3 BIDIRECTIONAL E/W
	Operational Status	SET UP/MOBILIZATION	COLLECTING DATA	COLLECTING DATA	DOWNTIME DUE TO EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE/CHECK	COLLECTING DATA	DOWNTIME DUE TO EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE/CHECK	DOWNTIME DUE TO EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE/CHECK	BREAK/LUNCH	COLLECTING DATA	SET UP/MOBILIZATION	DOWNTIME DUE TO EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE/CHECK	COLLECTING DATA	DOWNTIME DUE TO EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE/CHECK	BREAK/LUNCH	COLLECTING DATA
Duration,	min	15	N)	83	3 <mark>2</mark>	75	15	S	S	01	5	14	99	15	85	09
	Time	0615	0620	0743	0815	0930	0945	0950	9550	1005	1010	1024	1130	1145	1310	1410
Status Status Start Stop	Time	0090	0615	0620	0743	0815	0930	0945	0950	0955	1005	1010	1024	1130	1145	1310
	Area Tested	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE
No.	People	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
	$\overline{}$	5/19/2003	5/19/2003	5/19/2003	5/19/2003	5/19/2003	5/19/2003	5/19/2003	5/19/2003	5/19/2003	5/19/2003	5/19/2003	5/19/2003	5/19/2003	5/19/2003	5/19/2003

Note: Activities pertinent to this specific demonstration are indicated in highlighted text.

	ons	DRY		DRY		DRY	DRY			DRY			DRY			DRY	DRY			DRY			DRY		NDV	DNI		DRY	DRY		DRY		
	Field Conditions	HOT		HOT		HOT	HOT			HOT			HOT			HOT	HOT			HOT			HOT		HOL	IOI		HOT	HOT		HOT		
	Pattern	AZ		NA		NA	NA			LINEAR			NA			NA	LINEAR			NA			LINEAR		NIA	UNI		NA	AZ		LINEAR		
Track	Method Method=Other Explain	NA		NA		NA	NA			NA			NA			NA	NA			NA			NA		VIV	CAI		NA	NA		NA		
Track	Method	GPS		NA		NA	GPS			GPS			GPS			NA	GPS			GPS			GPS		CDC	25		NA	NA		GPS		
	Operational Status - Comments	CHECKING/	DOWNLOADING DATA	BREAKING DOWN	EQUIPMENT EUD	SETTING UP EQUIPMENT	EQUIPMENT WAS	CALIBRATED USING	CAL BALL	RUNNING OPEN	RANGE, C2,C3	BIDIRECTIONAL E/W	CHECKING/	DOWNLOADING	DATA	BREAK	RUNNING OPEN	RANGE, C2,C3	BIDIRECTIONAL E/W	CHECKING/	DOWNLOADING	DATA	RUNNING OPEN	RANGE, C2,C3	BIDIRECTIONAL E/W	CHECKING)	DOWNLOADING	BREAK	SET UP IN YUMA	EXTREME	RUNNING YUMA	EXTREME	BIDIRECTIONAL NORTH/SOUTH
	Operational Status	DOWNTIME DUE TO	EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE/CHECK	SET UP/MOBILIZATION		SET UP/MOBILIZATION	COLLECTING DATA			COLLECTING DATA		The second secon	DOWNTIME DUE TO	EQUIPMENT	MAINTENANCE/CHECK	BREAK/LUNCH	COLLECTING DATA			DOWNTIME DUE TO	EQUIPMENT	MAINTENANCE/CHECK	COLLECTING DATA		DOWNTIME DITE TO	DOWINIME DOE 10	MAINTENANCE/CHECK	BREAK/LUNCH	SET UP/MOBILIZATION		COLLECTING DATA		
	Duration, min	10		10		15	4			68			20			27	42			13			37		15	CI		20	12		47		
Status	Stop	1420		1430		0545	0549			0718			0738			0805	0847			0060	-		0937		0000	7060		1012	1024		1111		
Status	Start	1410		1420		0530	0545			0549			0718			0738	0805			0847			0060		0027	1060		0952	1012		1024		
	Area Tested	0		OPEN RANGE		OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE			OPEN RANGE			OPEN RANGE			OPEN RANGE	OPEN RANGE			OPEN RANGE		The second secon	OPEN RANGE		ODEN DANCE	OFEN KANGE		OPEN RANGE	YUMA	EXTREME	YUMA	EXTREME	
No.	of People	4		4		4	4			4			4			4	4			4			4		-	t		4	4		4		
	Date	33		5/19/2003		5/20/2003	5/20/2003			5/20/2003			5/20/2003			5/20/2003	5/20/2003			5/20/2003			5/20/2003		2000000	2/20/2003		5/20/2003	5/20/2003		5/20/2003		

Note: Activities pertinent to this specific demonstration are indicated in highlighted text.

							T	_						
	tions	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY
	Field Conditions	HOT	HOT	HOT	HOT	НОТ	HOT	HOT	HOT	HOT	HOT	HOT	НОТ	HOT
	Pattern	NA	NA	NA	NA	LINEAR	NA	NA	NA	NA	LINEAR	NA	LINEAR	NA
Track	Method Method=Other Explain	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Track	Method	GPS	NA	NA	GPS	GPS	NA	NA	NA	GPS	GPS	GPS	GPS	GPS
	Operational Status - Comments	CHECKING/ DOWNLOADING DATA	LUNCH	SETUP	EQUIPMENT WAS CALIBRATED USING CAL BALL	RUNNING YUMA EXTREME BIDIRECTIONAL NORTH/SQLITH	FIELD COMPUTER OVERHEAT/FAILED	BREAKING DOWN EQUIPMENT EOD	SETTING UP EQUIPMENT	EQUIPMENT WAS CALIBRATED USING CAL BALL	RUNNING YUMA EXTREME BIDIRECTIONAL NORTH/SOUTH	CHECKING/ DOWNLOADING DATA	RUNNING YUMA EXTREME BIDIRECTIONAL NORTH/SOUTH	CHECKING/ DOWNLOADING DATA
	Operational Status	DOWNTIME DUE TO EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE/CHECK	BREAK/LUNCH	SET UP/MOBILIZATION	COLLECTING DATA	COLLECTING DATA	DOWNTIME DUE TO EQUIPMENT FAILURE	SET UP/MOBILIZATION	SET UP/MOBILIZATION	COLLECTING DATA	COLLECTING DATA	DOWNTIME DUE TO EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE/CHECK	COLLECTING DATA	DOWNTIME DUE TO EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE/CHECK
	Duration, min	61	09	15	3	7	2	10	20	10	S	6	96	20
Status	Stop Time		1230	1245	1248	1255	1300	1310	0550	0090	0605	0614	0750	0810
Status Status	Start Time	1111	1130	1230	1245	1248	1255	1300	0530	0550	0090	9090	0614	0750
	Area Tested		YUMA	YUMA EXTREME	YUMA EXTREME	YUMA EXTREME	YUMA	YUMA	YUMA	YUMA EXTREME	YUMA EXTREME	YUMA EXTREME	YUMA EXTREME	YUMA EXTREME
No.	of People	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	3	3	3	8	3
	Date)3	5/20/2003	5/20/2003	5/20/2003	5/20/2003	5/20/2003	5/20/2003	5/21/2003	5/21/2003	5/21/2003	5/21/2003	5/21/2003	5/21/2003

Status Status				:					Track			
of Start Stop Duration, People Area Tested Time Time min Opera	Area Tested Time Time min	Stop Duration, Time min	Stop Duration, Time min		Opera	Operational Status	Operational Status - Comments	Track Method	Method=Other Explain	Pattern	Field Conditions	ions
3 YUMA 0810 0820 10 BREA EXTREME	0810 0820 10	0820 10	10		BREA	BREAK/LUNCH	BREAK	NA	NA	NA	HOT	DRY
3 YUMA 0820 0850 30 COLLEC EXTREME	0820 0850 30	0850 30	30		COLLEC	COLLECTING DATA	RUNNING YUMA EXTREME BIDIRECTIONAL NORTH/SOUTH	GPS	NA	LINEAR	HOT	DRY
3 YUMA 0850 0920 30 DOW! EXTREME EXTREME EXTREME	0850 0920 30	0920 30	30		DOWP EC MAINTI	DOWNTIME DUE TO EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE/CHECK	CHECKING/ DOWNLOADING DATA	GPS	NA	NA	HOT	DRY
3 MOGUL AREA 0920 0930 10 SET UI	0920 0930 10	0930 10	10		SET UI	SET UP/MOBILIZATION	SET UP IN MOGUL AREA	NA	NA	NA	HOT	DRY
3 MOGUL AREA 0930 1040 70 COL	0930 1040 70	1040 70	70		COL	COLLECTING DATA	RUNNING MOGUL AREA, BIDIRECTIONAL NORTH/SOUTH	GPS	NA	LINEAR	HOT	DRY
3 MOGUL AREA 1040 1100 20 DOW E POW	1040 1100 20	1100 20	50		DOW E MAINT	DOWNTIME DUE TO EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE/CHECK	CHECKING/ DOWNLOADING DATA	GPS	NA	NA	HOT	DRY
3 MOGUL AREA 1100 1158 58 COLI	1100 1158 58	1158 58	28		COLI	COLLECTING DATA	RUNNING MOGUL AREA, BIDIRECTIONAL NORTH/SOUTH	GPS	NA	LINEAR	HOT	DRY
1158 1210 12	1158 1210 12	1210 12	12		DOV	DOWNTIME DUE TO EQUIPMENT FAILURE	GPS MOUNT BROKE, OPERATOR ERROR	NA	NA	NA	HOT	DRY
3 MOGUL AREA 1210 1230 20 DON	1210 1230 20	1230 20	20		DOV	DOWNTIME DUE TO EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE/CHECK	CHECKING/ DOWNLOADING DATA	GPS	NA	NA	HOT	DRY
3 MOGUL AREA 1230 1237 7 COI	1230 1237 7	1237 7	7		100	COLLECTING DATA	EQUIPMENT WAS CALIBRATED USING CAL BALL	GPS	NA	NA	HOT	DRY
3 MOGUL AREA 1237 1322 45 COI	1237 1322 45	1322 45	45		100	COLLECTING DATA	RUNNING MOGUL AREA, BIDIRECTIONAL NORTH/SOUTH	GPS	NA	LINEAR	HOT	DRY
3 MOGUL AREA 1322 1335 13 DOV	1322 1335 13	1335 13	13		DO	DOWNTIME DUE TO EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE/CHECK	CHECKING/ DOWNLOADING DATA	GPS	NA	NA	HOT	DRY

		X		X	X	\tau	25	2	\tag{\tag{\tag{\tag{\tag{\tag{\tag{	7.	×	7	X	X	Y
	itions	DRY		DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY
	Field Conditions	HOT		HOT	HOT	HOT	HOT	HOT	HOT	HOT	HOT	HOT	HOT	HOT	HOT
	Pattern	LINEAR		NA	NA	NA	LINEAR	NA	LINEAR	NA	LINEAR	NA	NA	NA	NA
Track	Track Method=Other Method Explain	NA		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	Irack	GPS		NA	NA	GPS	GPS	GPS	GPS	NA	GPS	GPS	NA	NA	GPS
	Operational Status - Comments	BUL	AREA, BIDIRECTIONAL NORTH/SOLITH	BREAKING DOWN FOLIPMENT FOD	SETTING UP EQUIPMENT	EQUIPMENT WAS CALIBRATED USING CAL BALL	RUNNING YUMA EXTREME BIDIRECTIONAL NORTH/SOUTH	CHECKING/ DOWNLOADING DATA	RUNNING YUMA EXTREME BIDIRECTIONAL NORTH/SOUTH	SWAP OUT BATTERIES	RUNNING YUMA EXTREME BIDIRECTIONAL NORTH/SOUTH	CHECKING/ DOWNLOADING DATA	BREAK	SET UP OVER CALIBRATION PIT	EQUIPMENT WAS
	Operational Status	COLLECTING DATA		SET UP/MOBILIZATION	SET UP/MOBILIZATION	COLLECTING DATA	COLLECTING DATA	DOWNTIME DUE TO EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE/CHECK	COLLECTING DATA	DOWNTIME DUE TO EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE/CHECK	COLLECTING DATA	DOWNTIME DUE TO EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE/CHECK	BREAK/LUNCH	SET UP/MOBILIZATION	COLLECTING DATA
	Duration, min	70		15	<i>L</i> 9	5	63	15	06	5	15	15	15	∞	2
	Time	1445		1500	0637	0642	0745	0080	0930	0935	0950	1005	1020	1028	1030
Status	Time	1335		1445	0530	0637	0642	0745	0080	0930	0935	0950	1005	1020	1028
	Area Tested	MOGUL AREA		MOGUL AREA	YUMA	YUMA EXTREME	YUMA EXTREME	YUMA EXTREME	YUMA EXTREME	YUMA EXTREME	YUMA EXTREME	YUMA EXTREME	YUMA	CALIBRATION PIT	CALIBRATION
No.	People	3		3	3	3	8	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
	Date	5/21/2003		5/21/2003	5/22/2003	5/22/2003	5/22/2003	5/22/2003	5/22/2003	5/22/2003	5/22/2003	5/22/2003	5/22/2003	5/22/2003	5/22/2003

Γ		DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY
	diff.	I			I						П			
	Field Conditions	HOT	HOT	HOT	HOT	HOT	HOT	HOT	HOT	HOT	HOT	HOT	HOT	HOT
	Dottorn	LINEAR	LINEAR	LINEAR	NA	NA	NA	NA	LINEAR	LINEAR	LINEAR	LINEAR	NA	AZ
Track	Track Method=Other	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	AN
	Track	GPS	GPS	GPS	NA	GPS	NA	GPS	GPS	GPS	GPS	GPS	GPS	NA
	Operational Status -	ITURE	MARK II RUNNING SIGNITURE DATA ON 57MM	RUNNING SIGNITURE DATA ON 60MM	BREAK	CHECKING/ DOWNLOADING DATA	LUNCH	EQUIPMENT WAS CALIBRATED USING CAL BALL	RUNNING SIGNITURE DATA ON ROCKEYE MK118	RUNNING SIGNITURE DATA ON 2.75 ROCKET	RUNNING SIGNITURE DATA ON 105 STANDARD	RUNNING SIGNITURE DATA ON 155MM	EQUIPMENT WAS CALIBRATED USING CAL BALL	END OF TEST
	Onerational Status	COLLECTING DATA	COLLECTING DATA	COLLECTING DATA	BREAK/LUNCH	DOWNTIME DUE TO EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE/CHECK	BREAK/LUNCH	COLLECTING DATA	COLLECTING DATA	COLLECTING DATA	COLLECTING DATA	COLLECTING DATA	COLLECTING DATA	DEMOBILIZATION
	Duration,	22	13	23	10	11	51	3	12	25	27	25	7	46
Status	Stop		1105	1128	1138	1149	1240	1243	1255	1320	1347	1412	1414	1500
Status Status	Start	1030	1052	1105	1128	1138	1149	1240	1243	1255	1320	1347	1412	1414
	Area Tested	C	CALIBRATION	CALIBRATION	CALIBRATION PIT	CALIBRATION PIT	CALIBRATION PIT	CALIBRATION PIT	CALIBRATION PIT	CALIBRATION PIT	CALIBRATION PIT	CALIBRATION PIT	CALIBRATION PIT	CALIBRATION
No.	of	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	8	3	3	3	3
	Date	03	5/22/2003	5/22/2003	5/22/2003	5/22/2003	5/22/2003	5/22/2003	5/22/2003	5/22/2003	5/22/2003	5/22/2003	5/22/2003	5/22/2003

Note: Activities pertinent to this specific demonstration are indicated in highlighted text.

APPENDIX E. REFERENCES

- 1. Standardized UXO Technology Demonstration Site Handbook, DTC Project No. 8-CO-160-000-473, Report No. ATC-8349, March 2002.
- 2. Aberdeen Proving Ground Soil Survey Report, October 1998.
- 3. Data Summary, UXO Standardized Test Site: APG Soils Description, May 2002.
- 4. Yuma Proving Ground Soil Survey Report, May 2003.
- 5. Practical Nonparametric Statistics, W.J. Conover, John Wiley & Sons, 1980, ages 144 through 151.

APPENDIX F. ABBREVIATIONS

AEC = U.S. Army Environmental Center

APG = Aberdeen Proving Ground

ATC = U.S. Army Aberdeen Test Center

HEAT = high-explosive, antitank EMI = electromagnetic interference

EMIS = Electromagnetic Induction Spectroscopy

ERDC = U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Engineering Research and Development Center

ESTCP = Environmental Security Technology Certification Program

EQT = Army Environmental Quality Technology Program

GPS = Global Positioning System
JPG = Jefferson Proving Ground
PDA = personal digital assistant

POC = point of contact PVC = polyvinyl chloride QA = quality assurance QC = quality control

ROC = receiver-operating characteristic

RTK = real time kinematic

SERDP = Strategic Environmental Research and Development Program

UXO = unexploded ordnance

YPG = U.S. Army Yuma Proving Ground

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